

MINISTRY OF ECONOMY DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

BASIC STATISTICS FOR DIPLOMATS

INTRODUCTION ON HOUSEHOLD INCOME, EXPENDITURE & BASIC AMENITIES SURVEY

BY: PAZLINA WATY BINTI CHE PAH PRICE, INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATISTICS DIVISION, DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

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INTRODUCTION: HOUSEHOLD INCOME & EXPENDITURE SURVEY





INTRODUCTION: HOUSEHOLD INCOME & EXPENDITURE SURVEY





Household Income & Expenditure Survey?

- The oldest and the most complex national household survey carried out by countries.
- To produce information on the expenditure, income and as well as information about diverse features related to household living conditions with objectives to study the living standards of households.
- The implementation of household survey is depending on the need and country specific.

	COUNTRY	HIS	HES	HIES	PERIOD CONDUCTED
	Singapore		~		Once in 5 years since 1972/73
	Republic of Korea			\checkmark	Quarterly survey on household income and annual survey on household expenditures
	Philippine			~	Every 5 years
•	Vietnam			\checkmark	Every 2 years
$\left + \right $	Finland		\checkmark		Every 5 years
4084	Thailand			\checkmark	Every year since 2006
	Hong Kong		 Image: A set of the set of the		Once every 5 years
	Denmark		\checkmark		Every year
	New Zealand				Every year
×	Brunei		\checkmark		Once in 5 years
	Austria		\checkmark		Every 5 years
	Australia	\checkmark	~		HIS was conducted annually and HES was conducted every 2 years
	Bangladesh			\checkmark	Every 5 years
6	Jordan			\checkmark	Every 2 years
	South Africa			\checkmark	Every 5 years

HOUSEHOLD INCOME, EXPENDITURE AND BASIC AMENITIES SURVEY IN MALAYSIA





HOUSEHOLD INCOME, EXPENDITURE AND BASIC AMENITIES SURVEY IN MALAYSIA





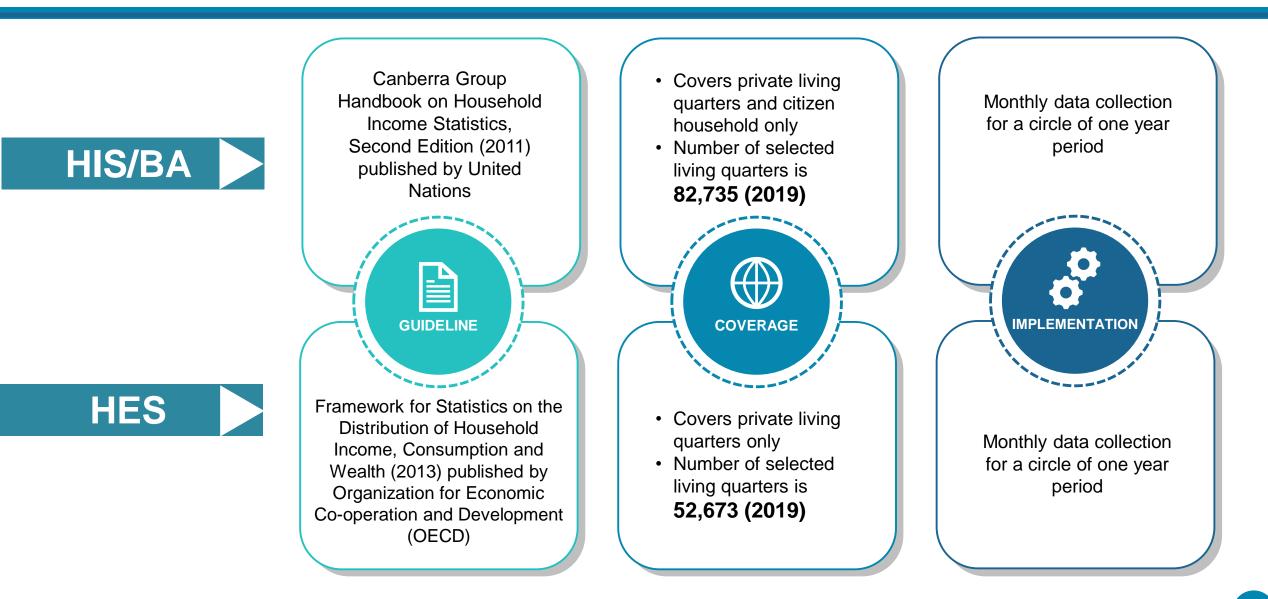
To collect the Main statistics published: information on Median & mean income ٠ Started since **1974** household income Incidence of poverty HIS/BA 2019 is the distribution and Gini coefficient ٠ HIS/BA 19th series **poverty** in Malaysia Multidimensional . Poverty Index COMPREHENSIVE HISTORY OBJECTIVE **INFORMATION HES** Main statistics published: Mean consumption ٠ To collect the household • Started since **1957/58** expenditure expenditure pattern in • HES 2019 is the **13th** Composition of ٠ Malaysia series consumption expenditure by main expenditure group



HOUSEHOLD INCOME, EXPENDITURE AND BASIC AMENITIES SURVEY IN MALAYSIA







SAMPLE SELECTION



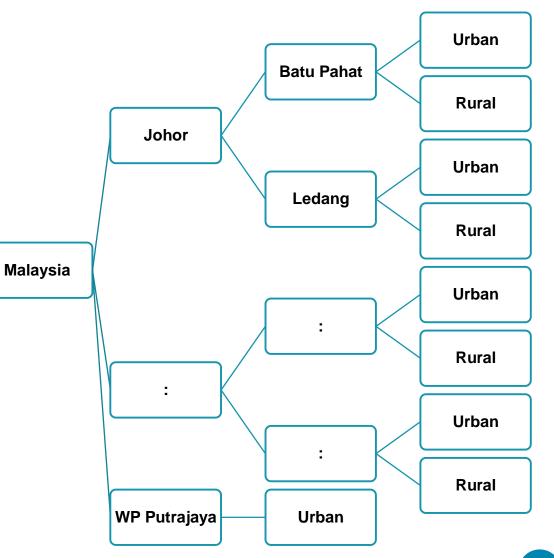






- Two stage stratified sampling.
- First stage sampling unit is Enumeration Blocks (EBs).
- Second stage sampling unit is Living Quarters (LQs).
- Ebs are selected separately by state and urban/rural
- The criteria considered in determining the sample size were the RSE value and the previous sample size.
- LQ type were also taken into account in the selection of the sample.

First Strata	State
Second Strata	 Administrative district by state
Third Strata	 Urban/ rural by administrative district



THE IMPORTANCE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME, EXPENDITURE AND BASIC AMENITIES SURVEY

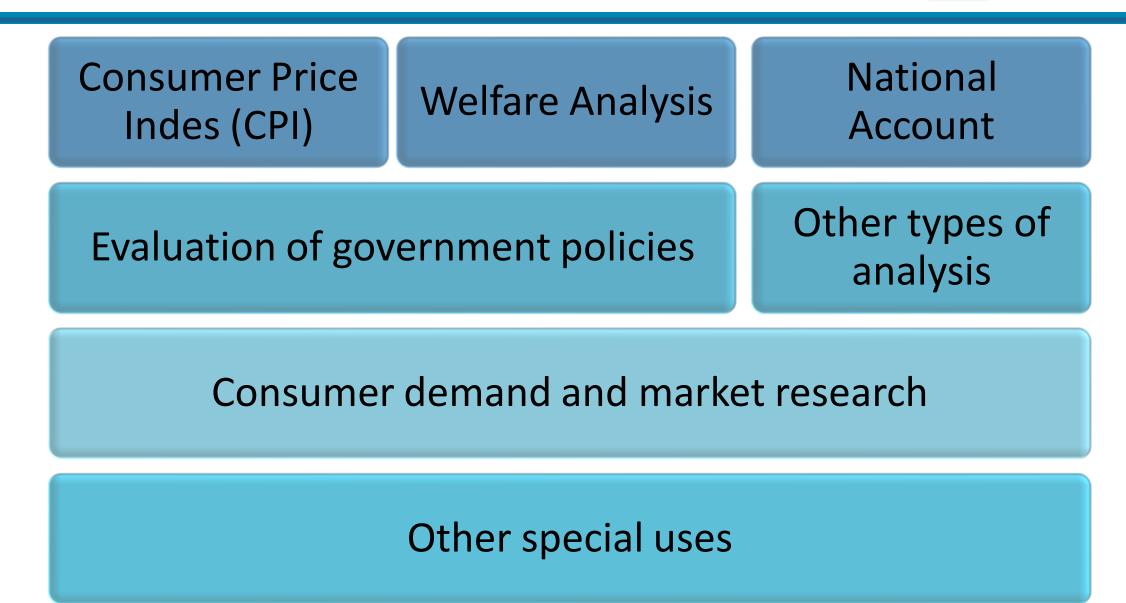




OBJECTIVES AND USES









THE IMPORTANCE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME, EXPENDITURE AND BASIC AMENITIES SURVEY





One of the instrument that support the implementation, evaluation and measuring the effectiveness of the program to:

- Overcome the income inequality between household
- strengthen the household development and well-being
- Output from HIES/BA as main indicator for income, expenditure and poverty statistics of a household to improved:
 - ✓ B40 household standard towards middle-class
 - ✓ strengthen the development of the economic region



To produced poverty statistics; - determine the target group

- Incidence of poverty

Income distribution indicators: Gini Coefficent

Accessibility to

basic amenities

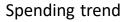




Expenditure approach in GDP As input in collecting the Private Final Household Expenditure

To study the pattern of

household income





The latest spending structure and patterns as the basis for the measurement of the Consumer Price Index

<u>HES</u>

THE IMPLEMENTATION OF HIS/BA AND NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN IN MALAYSIA

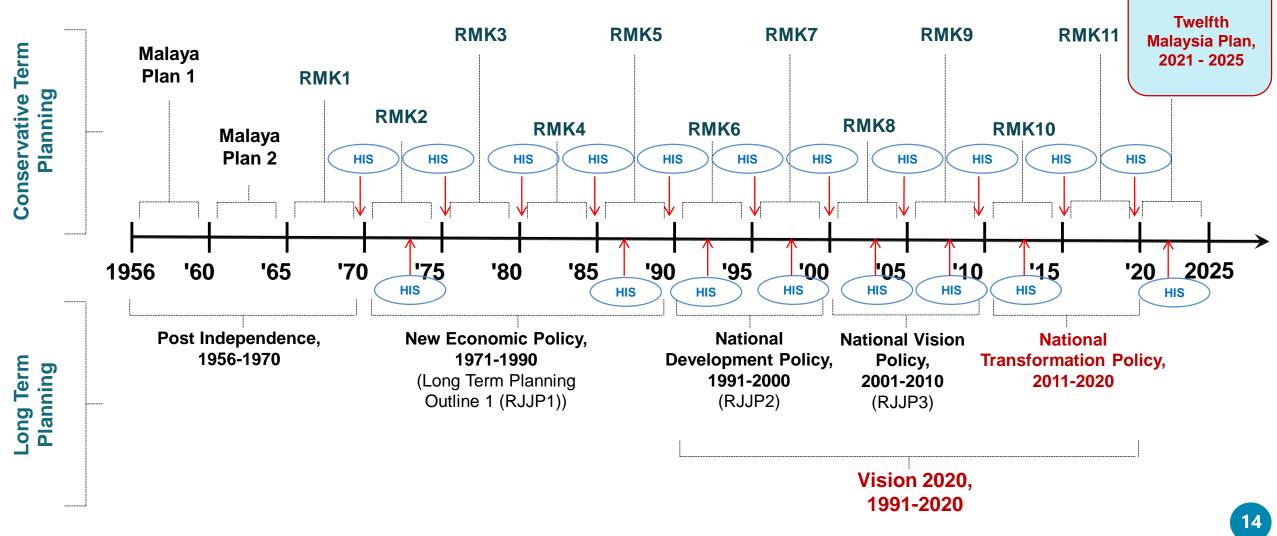








Implementation of HIS/BA and input for National Development Plan...



CONCEPTS OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME & EXPENDITURE









A household is defined as a person or group of related or unrelated persons who usually live and make common provisions for food and other living essentials together

Household

Total household members living in the same household

Household Size

Household members who receive income from any sources within the reference period

Income Recipient

Sources of income divided into 4 categories

- Paid Employment
- Self Employment
- Property & Investment
- Current Transfer Received

Sources of Income

The average value that obtained by adding up all household income and divided by the number of household

Mean Income

The middle value when household income is arranged in an ascending order from the lowest value to the highest value

Median Income



CONCEPTS OF HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURE





HOUSEHOLD CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE Food and Non-alcoholic Transport **Beverages** All expenditure either in cash All goods, services and or credit by household facilities received in kind, Alcoholic Communication members on goods and whether free **Beverages** services for personal use or concession and Tobacco 09 Recreation Clothing Services & and Footwear Culture Net rental value of Goods for own consumption owner-occupied house Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas Education and Other Fuels HOUSEHOLD NON-CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE Restaurants and Hotel Furnishing, Household Equipment and Payments made by payers for Payments that have no direct **Routine Household** services that cannot be relation to the acquisition of identified and aimed to services Miscellaneous increase government revenue received Health Goods & Services

HOUSEHOLD INCOME AND BASIC AMENITIES QUESTIONNAIRE





HOUSEHOLD INCOME AND BASIC AMENITIES QUESTIONNAIRE





Module	Description		
JR2	Identification particulars	Record for head of household only such as state, administrative district and living quarters number	JR-G JR 2
JR4	Household members particulars	Record for all members in household which consist of name, gender, age, ethnic group, highest level of formal education and highest certificate obtained	JR-F JR 4
JR-A	Individual and household income	Record for all members in household which consist of activity status, occupation and industry	
JR-B	Annual household income during the last 12 months	 Record for income recipient only which covers income from; 1. Paid employment; 2. Agriculture; 3. ICT activities; 4. Transport; 5. Property; 6. Current transfer received; and 7. Social transfer in-kind 	JR-E JR-C JR-B
JR-C	Current transfer payment	Consist of transfer payment made by household member who are income recipient	For HIS/BA in 2022, DOSM includes
JR-E	Education & Health		question to identify the impact of
JR-F	Housing	Record consist of question to identify the accessibility of a household to selected amenities	COVID-19 on household income. Besides
JR-G	Household appliances and amenities	and household equipment	that, DOSM also includes the accessibility of food security for household
	Monthly household expenditure	To record monthly expenditure made by household	



HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURE QUESTIONNAIRE





Module	Description		
JR2 – JRC	HIS	Modules are the same as HIS	
BLOK 3	Household daily expenditure record	Record for daily expenses made by every household member for 1 month period	BLOK 8 HIS/BA
BLOK 4a	Expenditure on durable goods	Record durable goods purchased by every household member for the past 11 months	BLOK 7 BLOK
BLOK4b	Expenditure on semi-durable goods	Record semi-durable goods purchased by every household member for the past 11 months	BLOK 6 MODULES
BLOK 4c	Expenditure on other items and selected services	Record items and selected services purchased by every household member for the past 11 months	BLOK 5 BLOK 4b
BLOK 5	Checklist	Checklist expenditure for 1 month	BLOK 4c
BLOK 6	Basic amenities	Consist of 4 section the same as HIS	
BLOK 7	Balancing sheet		
BLOK 8	Date visit to household		

SELECTED FINDINGS ON 2019 HIS & HES

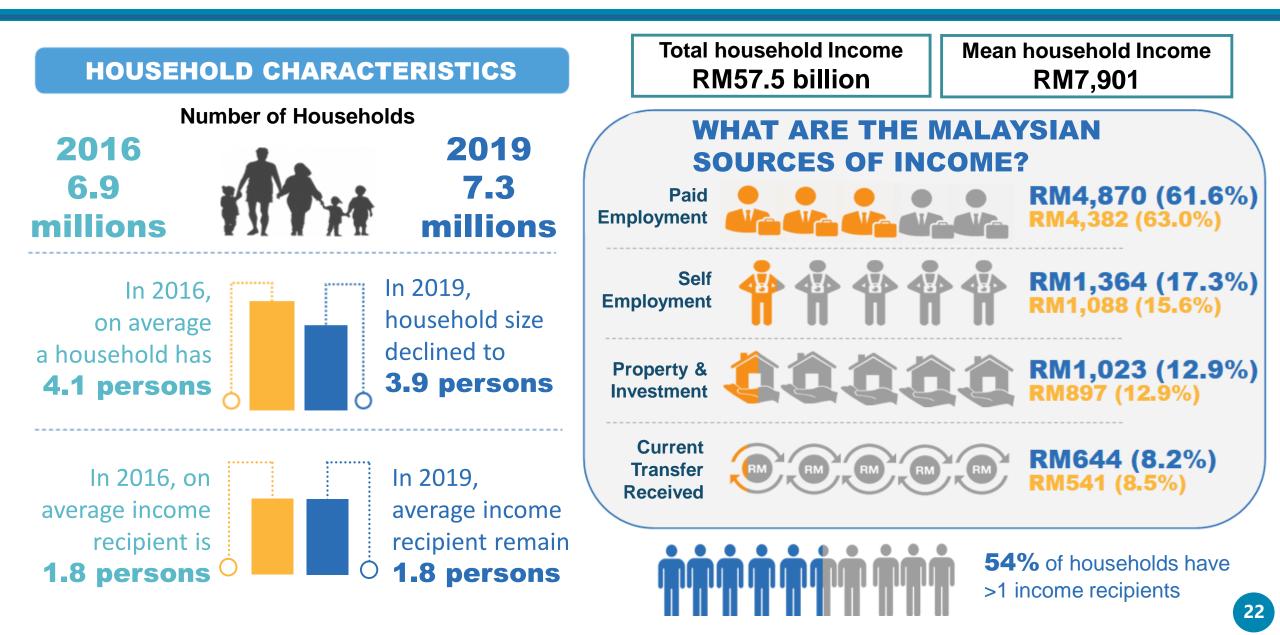




SELECTED FINDINGS ON 2019 HIS: HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS





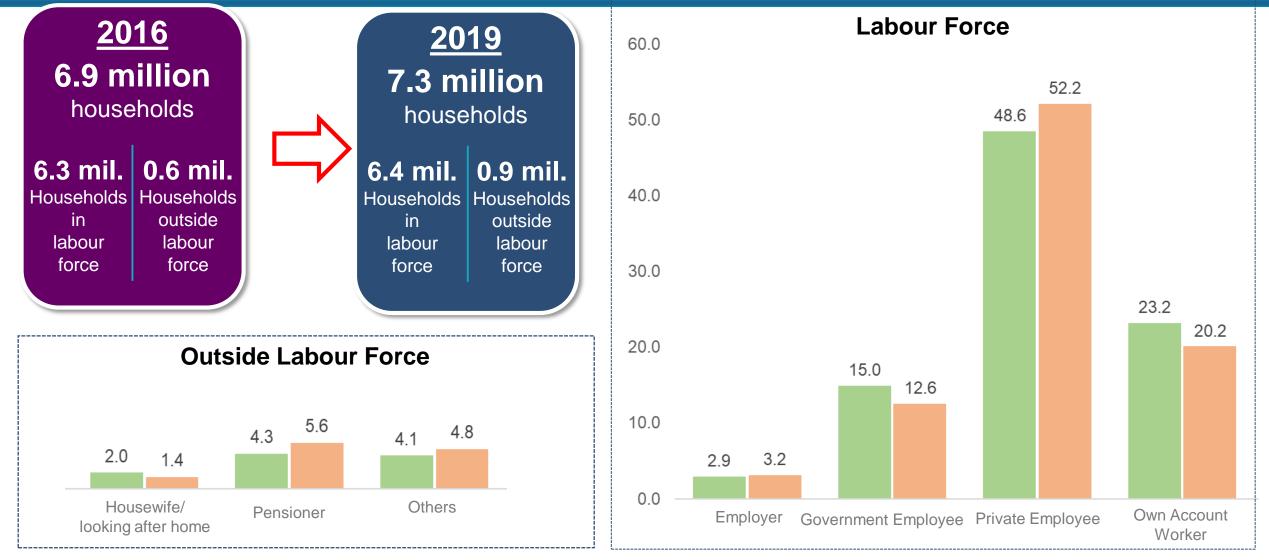




PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD BY ACTIVITY STATUS OF HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD

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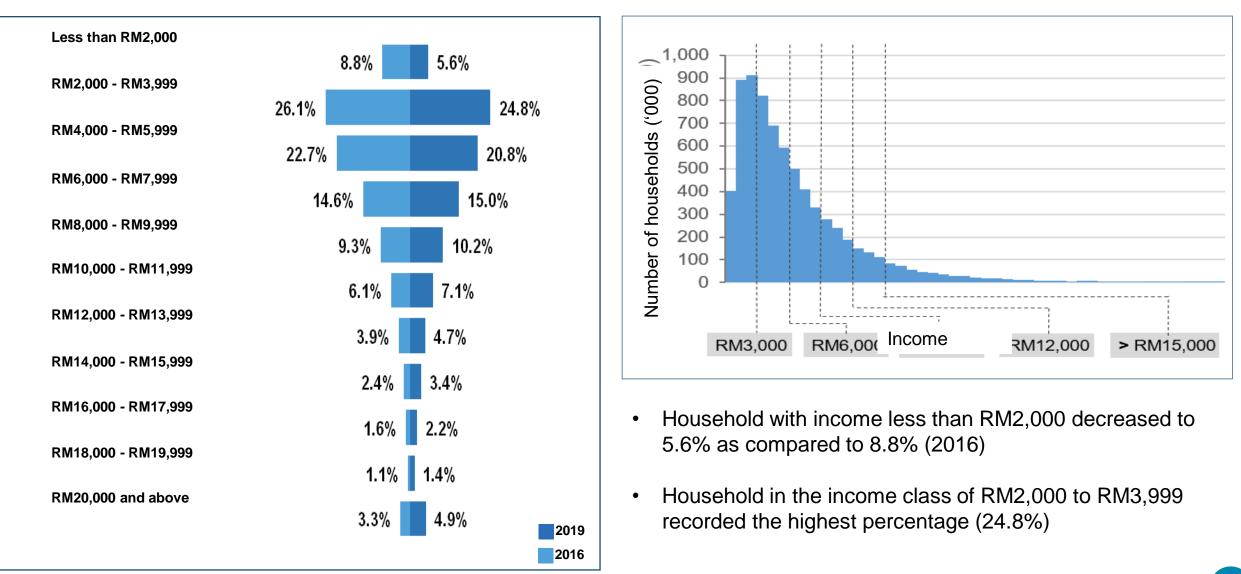




SELECTED FINDINGS ON 2019 HIS: HOUSEHOLD BY INCOME CLASS









SELECTED FINDINGS ON 2019 HIS: HOUSEHOLD BY SOURCE OF INCOME & INCOME CLASS





	_	20	16		2019			
Income Class	Paid Employment (%)	Self Employment (%)	Property & Investment (%)	Current Transfer Received (%)	Paid Employment (%)	Self Employment (%)	Property & Investment (%)	Current Transfer Received (%)
Total	63.0	15.6	12.9	8.5	61.6	17.3	12.9	8.2
Less than RM2,000	24.6	17.5	18.3	39.5	16.5	23.4	21.9	38.1
RM2,000 - RM3,999	46.5	17.8	13.8	21.9	42.3	19.2	14.9	23.5
RM4,000 - RM5,999	60.1	15.0	12.5	12.5	56.8	16.4	13.1	13.6
RM6,000 - RM7,999	66.3	13.4	12.3	8.0	63.2	15.3	12.6	9.0
RM8,000 - RM9,999	67.6	13.9	12.5	5.9	66.0	14.9	12.3	6.8
RM10,000 - RM11,999	69.6	13.4	12.3	4.7	68.3	14.1	12.2	5.3
RM12,000 - RM13,999	70.6	13.2	12.2	3.9	70.2	13.7	11.9	4.2
RM14,000 - RM15,999	71.7	11.8	12.7	3.8	71.5	13.3	12.1	3.2
RM16,000 - RM17,999	70.0	14.4	12.6	3.1	70.6	14.3	11.8	3.3
RM18,000 - RM19,999	71.4	12.8	13.4	2.4	68.9	15.7	12.3	3.1
RM20,000 and above	61.9	22.8	13.6	1.7	59.7	24.5	13.4	2.4

Higher current transfer received for household with income less than RM2,000. Vice versa

As household income increases, the dependency of households on current transfer received decreased.



SELECTED FINDINGS ON 2019 HIS: INCOME STRUCTURE BY HOUSEHOLD GROUP





Media	an Income (RM	M)		Mean Income (RM)			Dec Gro		Income Share (%)	Median of Household Income	Mean of Household Income	Income Threshold (RM)	
2016		CAGR		2016 2019		CAGR 4.7%					(RM)	(RM)	
2019		4.5%				18,5	506	Т20	T2	30.7	19,781	24,293	More than 15,039
CAGR	CAGR 4.1%	13,148	с	CAGR	CAGR 4.1%	16,088		120	T1	16.1	12,586	12,720	10,960 - 15,039
1.8%	7,093 6,275			3.4% 7,348 6,502 2,848 3,152					M4	12.3	9,695	9,730	8,700 - 10,959
B40	M40	T20		B40 M40		T20		M40	M3	9.9	7,828	7,841	7,110 - 8,699
	B40 Threshold <rm4,360 (2016)<br=""><rm4,850 (2019)<="" td=""><td></td><td colspan="2">M40 Threshold RM9,619 (2016) RM10,959 (2019)</td><td></td><td></td><td>IVITO</td><td>M2</td><td>8.2</td><td>6,471</td><td>6,477</td><td>5,880 - 7,099</td></rm4,850></rm4,360>			M40 Threshold RM9,619 (2016) RM10,959 (2019)				IVITO	M2	8.2	6,471	6,477	5,880 - 7,099
			L						M1	6.8	5,336	5,346	4,850 - 5,879
	2016	2019	2016	5 2019	2016	2019			B4	5.6	4,387	4,395	3,970 - 4,849
Number of Households (million)	2.78	2.91	2.78	2.91	1.39	1.46			D4	5.0	4,007	4,000	0,870 - 7,070
Income Share (%)	16.4	16.0	37.4	37.2	46.2	46.8		B40	B3	4.5	3,556	3,561	3,170 - 3,969
	B	340		M40		T20		D4v	B2	3.5	2,786	2,803	2,500 - 3,169
The income thr However, the inc				•		· · · ·			B1	2.4	1,929	1,849	Less than 2,500



PERCENTAGE OF EXPENDITURE TO INCOME BY STATE, 2019





		Annual Growth Rate 2016-2019 (%)	Percentage of Expenditure to	Percentage of Expenditure to	
State	Gross Income	Disposable Income	Consumption Expenditure*	Gross Income(%)	Disposable Income (%)
Malaysia	4.2	4.4	4.2	58.8	68.7
Johor	4.9	5.0	4.4	60.5	70.0
Kedah	3.5	4.3	3.4	61.8	68.5
Kelantan	4.8	5.5	4.0	66.9	72.2
Melaka	4.1	4.1	4.9	65.6	73.6
Negeri Sembilan	4.3	4.0	5.6	66.2	76.0
Pahang	4.1	4.2	3.2	65.8	74.0
Pulau Pinang	4.6	5.0	3.2	59.9	69.0
Perak	3.6	4.4	3.5	63.9	73.3
Perlis	3.0	3.8	3.8	63.2	66.7
Selangor	4.5	4.1	4.4	55.5	68.1
Terengganu	5.5	5.5	4.2	64.1	71.4
Sabah	2.3	2.4	4.5	55.4	62.4
Sarawak	3.4	3.7	3.6	59.3	67.7
W.P. Kuala Lumpur	4.2	5.3	4.7	52.7	62.9
W.P. Labuan	0.6	2.3	3.6	52.0	59.0
W.P. Putrajaya	3.5	3.4	4.0	61.3	69.4

- On average, percentage of expenditure to gross income in 2019 is 58.8%
- Kelantan recorded the highest percentage of 66.9%, followed by Negeri Sembilan (66.2%) and Pahang (65.8%)

Note:

*: Refers to consumption expenditure for Malaysian citizen only



SELECTED FINDINGS ON 2019 HES: HOUSEHOLD CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE BY EXPENDITURE GROUP





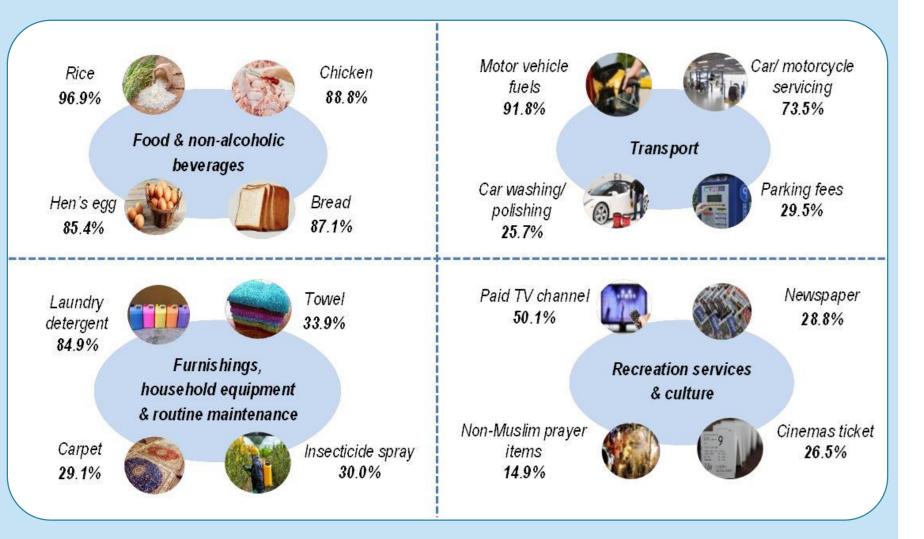
	Mean	n (RM) Composition (%)			CAG	R (%)
4.	2016	2019	2016	2019	2014-2016	2016-2019
Sood & non-alcoholic beverages	726	783	18.0	17.3	3.6	2.5
Alcoholic beverages & tobacco	98	105	2.4	2.3	8.4	2.2
Clothing & footwear	136	152	3.4	3.4	4.4	3.8
Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels	969	1,068	24.0	23.6	6.4	3.2
Furnishings, household equipment & maintenance	168	200	4.2	4.4	10.1	5.9
Health	75	95	1.9	2.1	11.9	8.0
Jair Transport	553	611	13.7	13.5	2.8	3.3
Communication	203	229	5.0	5.1	3.5	4.6
Recreation services & culture	200	229	4.9	5.1	6.8	8.8
Section	54	70	1.3	1.5	13.6	5.2
Restaurants & hotels	540	631	13.4	13.9	8.7	4.8
Miscellaneous goods & services	312	361	7.7	8.0	8.0	8.0
Jumlah Perbelanjaan	4,033	4,534	100.0	100.0	6.0	3.9 29



SELECTED FINDINGS ON 2019 HES: POPULAR ITEMS FOR FOUR SELECTED EXPENDITURE GROUP







Among the popular items spent by households in Malaysia based on four selected expenditure groups:

- . Rice (96.9%)
- 2. Motor vehicle fuels (91.8%)
- 3. Laundry detergent (84.9%)
- 4. Paid TV channel (50.1%)



SELECTED FINDINGS ON 2019 HES: QUANTITY AND CONSUMPTION COST OF SELECTED DAILY ITEMS PER HOUSEHOLD





No.	Items	Household who spent (%)	Average price (RM)	Unit	Quantity consumed	Cost per month (RM)
1	Rice	96.9	3.65	kg	11.9	43.54
2	Chicken	88.8	8.03	kg	6.5	52.41
3	White sugar	87.4	2.85	kg	2.6	7.34
4	Fresh hen's egg	85.4	0.34	each	47.0	15.82
5	Mustard greens	74.2	7.12	kg	0.9	6.48
6	Cooking oil	73.4	4.20	kg	4.9	20.41
7	Big onion	66.0	5.60	kg	1.1	6.12
8	Condensed milk	63.8	2.82	can	2.9	8.18
9	Indian mackarel fish	57.9	14.26	kg	1.6	23.06
10	Wheat flour	57.0	1.91	kg	2.6	5.06
11	Round cabbage	55.3	3.65	kg	1.7	6.16
12	Cuttlefish	53.9	25.39	kg	1.1	27.99
13	Prawn	52.4	30.18	kg	1.2	36.30
14	Banana	40.5	4.17	kg	2.0	8.54
15	Beef	38.8	31.95	kg	1.5	47.21
16	Fresh coconut milk	38.1	10.21	kg	1.0	9.91
17	Apple	36.1	1.20	each	10.1	12.32

Household Income Estimates and Incidence of Poverty, 2020





Household Income Estimates and Incidence of Poverty Report, 2020





DOSM has conducted a study <u>to evaluate the</u> <u>impact of COVID-19 pandemic</u> on household income and poverty for 2020.

INDICATORS RELATED TO HOUSEHOLD INCOME

Average salary and wages

Employment structure

Economic performance by sector

Household demography

Value of assistance provided by the governme throughout the year 2020

Analysis was carried out **based on data from Household Income and Basic Amenities Survey (HIS/BA) 2019,** focusing on the impact of COVID-19 pandemic to household income.

The 2019 household profile was then adapted with the distribution of 2020 household pattern.

* While the study does not produce a new Poverty Line Income (PLI) value, Thus the **2019 PLI value is maintained**.

*The analysis was carried out without conducting the HIS/BA which is usually conducted twice in every five (5) years.

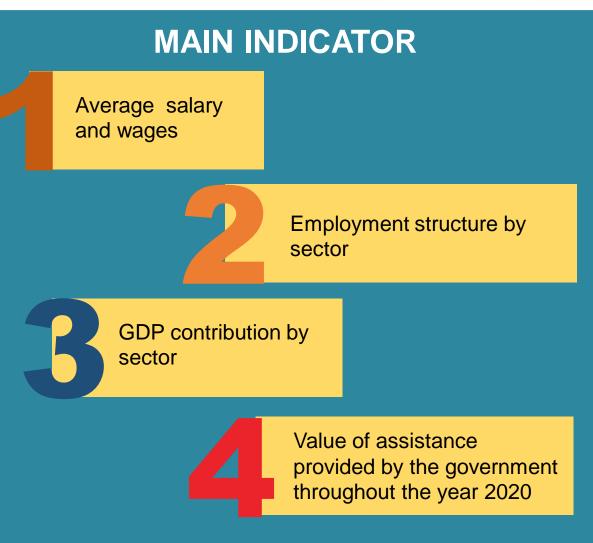


Household Income Estimates and Incidence





- 1. The analysis was carried out using data from the Household Income and Basic Amenities Survey (HIS/BA) 2019, using the 2019 household profile which was then adapted with the distribution of 2020 household pattern.
- 2. This study uses the extrapolation method to estimate household income in 2020.
- 3. Extrapolation is a forecasting technique or estimating outside observation range based on its relationship with other variables and some known hypothesis data.
- 4. Based on the international standard definition on household income, aids provided throughout the MCO are not counted as income received because it is not accrued (recurring and definitely received).
- 5. However, this analysis has taken into account relevant aids to identify the effect of receiving these aids on household or individual income during COVID-19 pandemic.

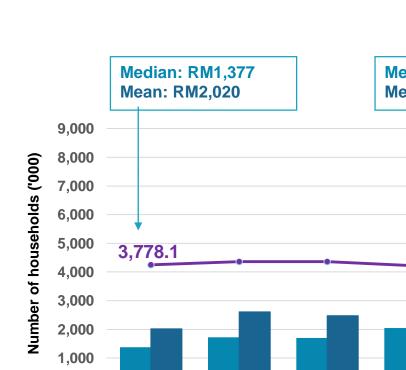




ΜΕΙΛΙΑΙ **HOUSEHOLD GROSS INCOME BY STATE,** MALAYSIA







The household income estimates and incidence of poverty 2020 Median: RM2,211 Median: RM5,873 Median: RM5,209 Mean: RM7,901 Mean: RM7,089 Mean: RM3,249 8,000 7,579.6 7,276.7 7,000 6,000 5,458.0 5,000 4,000 Income (RM) 3,000 2,000 1,000 0 0 1995 1997 1999 2002 2004 2007 2009 2012 2014 2016 2019 2020

Median, mean and growth rate of monthly household gross income on year 2020 at national level is RM5,209 and RM7,089 respectively. ٠

The median of household income recorded a decrease of negative 11.3% compared 3.9% (2019)

The mean of household income decrease of negative 10.3% compared 4.2% (2019) •

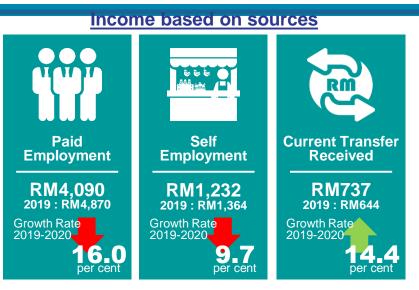


HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY STATE





		Median (RM))	Mean (RM)			
State	2019	2020	Growth (%)	2019	2020	Growth (%)	
Malaysia	5,873	5,209	-11.3	7,901	7,089	-10.3	
Johor	6,427	5,690	-11.5	8,013	7,264	-9.3	
Kedah	4,325	3,829	-11.5	5,522	5,005	-9.4	
Kelantan	3,563	3,010	-15.5	4,874	4,411	-9.5	
Melaka	6,054	5,447	-10.0	7,741	7,186	-7.2	
Negeri Sembilan	5,005	4,478	-10.5	6,707	6,184	-7.8	
Pahang	4,440	4,033	-9.2	5,667	5,144	-9.2	
Pulau Pinang	6,169	5,474	-11.3	7,774	6,850	-11.9	
Perak	4,273	3,759	-12.0	5,645	5,081	-10.0	
Perlis	4,594	4,043	-12.0	5,476	4,971	-9.2	
Selangor	8,210	7,300	-11.1	10,827	9,668	-10.7	
Terengganu	5,545	4,790	-13.6	6,815	6,051	-11.2	
Sabah	4,235	3,773	-10.9	5,745	5,215	-9.2	
Sarawak	4,544	3,831	-15.7	5,959	5,087	-14.6	
W.P. Kuala Lumpur	10,549	9,093	-13.8	13,257	11,728	-11.5	
W.P. Labuan	6,726	6,126	-8.9	8,319	7,333	-11.9	
W.P. Putrajaya	9,983	9,743	-2.4	12,840	12,322	-4.0	



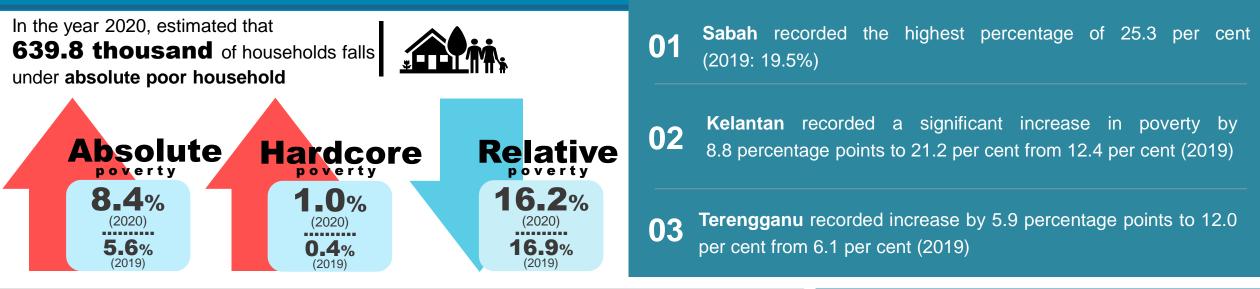
- Mean and median of monthly household income by national level decreased by 10.3% and 11.3% as compared to previous year
- All states recorded decrease of household income (mean and median)
- W.P. Putrajaya recorded the lowest decrease of household income (median & mean)

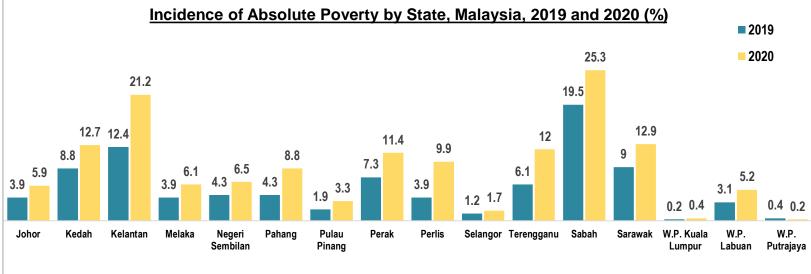
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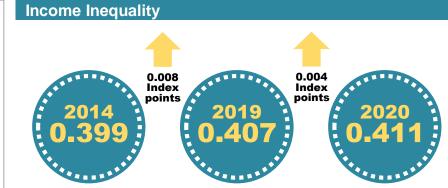


INSIDENCE OF POVERTY AND INCOME INEQUALITY 2020









The national Gini coefficient recorded an increase by 0.004 index points to 0.411 (2019: 0.407)

RESEARCHES BASED ON HIES/BA DATA





RESEARCHES BASED ON HIES/BA DATA

LIFESTYLE





____/

Journal Title :

The Effects of Fuel Price Fluctuation on Household Income in Malaysia

COST OF

LIVING

Abstract :

This study investigates the total, direct and indirect effects of fuel price fluctuations on household income in Malaysia due to subsidy removal

Methodology:

To measure the real income effects of fluctuations in fuel this prices, study used secondary data from the Income Survey Households (HIS) and Household Expenditure Survey (HES) for three different periods specifically 2009/10, 2014 and 2016.

___/

Journal Title : Household Expenditure on Sugar-added Foods and Beverages in Malaysia: Evidence From Quantile Estimation

Abstract :

The study attempts to examine factors affecting household expenditure on sugar-added foods and beverages (SAFB) in Malaysia

Methodology:

Secondary analysis of the data extracted from the Malaysian Household Expenditure Survey (HES) 2014 was used

WELL-BEING

Journal Title :

Living Arrangements of Elderly: Evidence from Household Income and Expenditure Survey

Abstract :

The purpose of this paper is to determine the factors influencing living arrangements for the elderly in Malaysia

Methodology:

This study used the 2009 Household Income Expenditure (HIES) data provided by the Department of Statistics (DOS) and Economic Planning Unit (EPU), Malaysia.



INEQUALITY

Journal Title :

Decomposing Inequality in Household Consumption Expenditure in Malaysia

Abstract :

This study aims to examine the sources and determinants of consumption expenditure inequality in Malaysia as well as to quantify their proportional contributions to the total explained Inequality

Methodology:

This study used the 2009 Household Income Expenditure (HIES) data provided by the Department of Statistics (DOS) and Economic Planning Unit (EPU), Malaysia



RESEARCHES BASED ON HIES/BA DATA





LIFESTYLE

Journal Title :

Food Away From Home of Middle-income Earners: Empirical Evidence from The Three Major Cities in Malaysia

Abstract :

To analyze middle income household expenditure patterns on food away from home in the three major cities of Malaysia that have a high cost of living

Methodology:

This study used the 2014 Household Expenditure Survey (HES) data provided by the Department of Statistics (DOSM)

LIFESTYLE

Journal Title : Assessing Progressivity of Out-of-pocket Expenditures for Health Care: Evidence From Households in Malaysia

Abstract :

To assess the progressivity of OOP payments for health care among Malaysian households.

Methodology:

This paper used cross-sectional nationally representative data derived from the Malaysian Household Expenditure Survey (HES) 2014/15, which comprised of 14,473 households

LIFESTYLE

Journal Title : Determinants of Muslim Household Basic Needs Consumption Expenditures

Abstract :

This paper identifies the factors contributing to basic needs consumption comprising food, housing, transportation and communication

Methodology:

Findings based on Household Expenditure Survey (HES) 2016, Malaysia, which covers the urban and rural strata for all states.

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LIFESTYLE

Journal Title :

Middle Income Household Spending Patterns on Housing in Malaysian State Capital Cities: Where Does All the Money Go?

Abstract :

Examines the factors influencing the expenditure pattern of middle-income households on housing by focusing on mortgage and rental expenses.

Methodology:

This study used the 2010 & 2014 Household Expenditure Survey (HES) data provided by the Department of Statistics (DOSM)



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RESEARCHES BASED ON HIES/BA DATA





LIFESTYLE

Journal Title :

A Cross-sectional Household Analysis of Household Consumption Patterns: An Indirect Approach to Identify the Possible Factors of Personal Bankruptcy

Abstract :

This paper investigates the relationship between consumption patterns and income of Malaysians by examining income elasticity using the Engel curve

Methodology:

Data were collected from the Household Expenditure Surveys of 2004, 2009, and 2014

LIFESTYLE

Journal Title : Household expenditure on food at home in Malaysia

Abstract :

The objectives of this study are to investigate the food expenditure patterns of different income groups and the relationships between household characteristics and expenditure patterns

Methodology:

Household Expenditure Survey 2004/2005 data from Department of Statistics was used to analyze the food expenditure pattern of households **Journal Title :** Household Size Economies: Malaysian Evidence

WELL-BEING

Abstract :

The objectives of this study are to investigate the food expenditure patterns of different income groups and the relationships between household characteristics and expenditure patterns

Methodology:

Household Expenditure Survey 2004/2005 data from Department of Statistics was used to analyze the food expenditure pattern of households.

Journal Title :

Measuring Income Inequality in Malaysia Based on Household Income Surveys

Abstract :

Examine the changes in income inequality based on three different indices (Gini, Atkinson and generalized entropy)

Methodology:

Household Income Survey 2007-2014 data from Department of Statistics.



RESEARCHES BASED ON HIES/BA DATA



MULTI

INDEX

POVERT

DIMENSIONAI



Journal Title :

Malaysian Household Income Distribution: A Fractal Point of View

Abstract :

Analyzed the data in terms of different classes of occupation, obtained power-law exponents for each class and then highlighted the inequality between these classes

Methodology:

Data used are from the Household Income Survey of 2007-2014

Journal Title :

High Cost of Living in Malaysia: Slow Household Income Growth or Rising Standard of Living?

COST OF

LIVING

Abstract :

study the increase in the cost of living by studying the two main factors that contribute to the increase in the cost of living, namely the low income factor and the increase in living standards that are too fast

Methodology:

Household Income Survey 2014 data from Department of Statistics

Journal Title :

Factors of Urban Poverty on the Development of Education of the Late Bloomers

Abstract :

The objectives of this study are to investigate the food expenditure patterns of different income groups and the relationships between household characteristics and expenditure patterns

Methodology:

Household Income Survey 2019 data from Department of Statistics was used.

"STATISTICS BLOOM IN HARMONY"

Doesn't matter far or near Strength in numbers we don't live in fear

Birds of feather flock together Statistics our form of adour We, will always live it up

So let us live in solidarity And in the world arena we'll succeed

It is statistics that will come to be The reason we will bloom in harmony

Everybody undivided Data's where our hearts reside in There will always be a bind

Just like fire that ignites That's how brightly lit our dreams are We'll reach higher than the stars

Sending love to one another Leaving no one in a slumber We will stand with unity

Mustering our courage while Embracing our disparities We'll achieve our victory

One dream with unity One love with harmony



STATISTICS BLOOM IN HARMONY" VIDEO

https://bit.ly/StatisticsBloomInHarmony

THANK YOU





20 OCT









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