



LABOUR DEMAND: QUARTERLY EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS



Make Sure You're

20 OCT



2016 - 2030









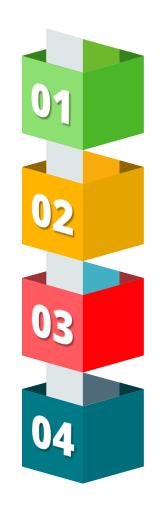












INTRODUCTION

SAMPLING DESIGN

DATA COLLECTION & PROCESSING

DATA DISSEMINATION







TRAINING COURSE UNDER THE STATISTICAL CAPACITY BUILDING (StatCaB) PROGRAMME FOR THE BENEFIT OF GENERAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS OF SURINAME

Labour demand: The Quarterly Employment Statistics

SESSION 1 – Introduction

ROSNAH MUHAMAD ALI PRINCIPAL ASSISTANT DIRECTOR PRIMARY DATA DIVISION | MALAYSIAN BUREAU OF LABOUR STATISTICS







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Mar 2012

Request for employment statistics for the NKEA sector by PEMANDU

Oct 2012

The requirement was raised again by the Minister of MITI during the Services Sector **Development Council** Meeting.

Nov 2012

JPU approved the implementation of a survey on establishment approach to estimate the labour demand.

JPPN also emphasized the importance of strengthening the collection and compilation of labour market information supported by appropriate funding.

Apr 2013

The pilot study covered 261 industries in the NKEA sector involving 1,266 establishments.

2014

The implementation of the first survey covered 517 industries in 10 NKEA sectors.

2015

Expansion of coverage to 816 industries covering all economic sectors.

Note:

- NKEA National Key Economic Area
- **PEMANDU** Performance & Implementation Management Unit
- MITI Ministry of International Trade & Industry
- JPU Main user committee
- JPPN National Development Planning Committee
- MBLS Malaysian Bureau of **Labour Statistics**

2021

Addition of finance/ insurance industry in **QESWS** coverage (other than industries covered in BNM survey)

Jul 2018

Additional Salaries & Wages (SWS) modules and working hours in the QES Q2 2018 questionnaire.

May 2018

Improvement of the survey with addition and reduction of questions were applied on QES Q1 2018.

Jul 2017

The implementation of **Quarterly Employment** Survey (QES) was taken over by the MBLS Team.











INTRODUCTION

The Quarterly Employment Statistics (QES) present the perspective of labour demand in Malaysia for the whole economic sectors.

These statistics are based on the **Quarterly Employment** Survey which is conducted on the registered businesses in the private sector. The statistics are compiled based on the framework and guidelines recommended by the International Labour Organization and best practices of other national statistical offices.

LEGAL PROVISION

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OBJECTIVE

The statistics collected from the survey is one of the inputs in the planning and formulation of the country's human capital development policy.

The objectives of the survey are as follows:

- to collect the main labour demand indicators, namely jobs, filled jobs and job vacancies;
- measure and monitor the labour demand situation on a quarterly basis; and
- measure and monitor the overall labour component in labour demand

The survey is conducted under the provisions of the Statistics Act 1965 (revised 1989). Section 5 of this Act requires any establishment operating in Malaysia to provide actual information or best estimate to the Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM). Under this Act, the content of the questionnaire is confidential and only aggregated figures are published.











SCOPE AND COVERAGE

The Quarterly Employment Survey is implemented using establishment approach, covering establishments in the category of large, medium, small and micro. Industry coverage is based on Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008 Version 1.0 which was adopted from the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC) Revision 4 issued by the United Nations. The industry is divided into five sectors namely Agriculture, Mining & Quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction and Services.

This survey covers all economic activities **except** Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of households for own use; and Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies. Labour demand information for Financial and insurance/takaful activities was also collected through Monthly Report on Labour Market Statistics (RLMS) conducted by Central Bank of Malaysia (BNM).

REFERENCE PERIOD

This survey is conducted on a quarterly basis with reference to the prior quarterly information in labour demand.

REPORTING UNIT

The reporting unit used in the survey was the **establishment**. An establishment is defined as "an economic unit engaged in one activity, under a single legal entity and operating in a single physical location". Each establishment was assigned an industry classification based on its principal activity. In the case of a multi-activity entity, units engaged in separate activities the same location constituted distinct in establishments. Thus, each branch of a multi-branch organization at a different location was conceptually treated as a different establishment.









Concepts & Definitions



Labour demand indicates the total labour required by establishments to produce goods and services at a given point in time. The labour demand by establishments is classified into filled jobs and job vacancies. The concepts and definitions of the statistics on labour demand are as follows:

Total labour required by establishments to produce goods and services at a given point in time, which comprised of filled jobs and vacancies.

Filled Jobs

Paid employee (full-time and part-time); and thus exclude individual proprietors and business partners, unpaid family workers and employees on unpaid leave.

Vacancies

Jobs

Unfilled jobs which are ready to be filled. Employers are actively seeking candidates including advertising vacancies, issuing notices and registering with employment agencies as conducting interviews well to select candidates to fill in the vacancies.



Jobs created in an organisation which were not previously available, including newly created service schemes, jobs created for the promotion of existing employees and increase in the number of jobs from the existing structure.







Economic Activity Category



The classification of the industry was according to the Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008 Version 1.0.

Industries are categorised into five namely Agriculture, main sectors Mining & Quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction and Services, breakdown:

7 Manufacturing Subsector

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6 Services Subsector

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Agriculture

Mining & Quarrying

- **Manufacturing** Food processing, beverages and tobacco products
 - Textiles, wearing apparel, and leather products
 - Wood products, furniture, paper products and printing
 - Petroleum, chemical, rubber and plastic products
 - Non-metallic mineral products, basic metal and fabricated metal products
 - Electrical, electronic and optical products
 - Transport equipment, other manufacturing and repair

Construction

Services

- Wholesale and retail trade
- Food & beverages and accommodation
- Transportation and storage
- Information and communication
- Finance, insurance, real estate & business services
- Other services









Skills Category



Occupation is classified according to Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013 which is based on the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-08).

3 SKILLS CATEGORY:



Skilled



Semi-skilled



Low-skilled





Clerical support workers



Elementary occupations

- **Professionals**
 - Technicians and associate professionals

- Service and sales workers
- Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
- Craft and related trades workers
- Plant and machine operators and assemblers





End of Session 1

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TRAINING COURSE UNDER THE STATISTICAL CAPACITY BUILDING (StatCaB) PROGRAMME FOR THE BENEFIT OF GENERAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS OF SURINAME

Labour demand: The Quarterly Employment Statistics

SESSION 2 – Sampling design

ROSNAH MUHAMAD ALI PRINCIPAL ASSISTANT DIRECTOR PRIMARY DATA DIVISION | MALAYSIAN BUREAU OF LABOUR STATISTICS







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GENERAL INFORMATION



The sampling design for this survey is stratified single-stage random sample. The industry category is classified as strata while the establishment is classified as the sampling unit. Each stratum has been formed into several sub-strata to ensure that the distributed samples account for the economic characteristics of the industry.

The primary sub-strata which was heterogeneous was assigned full coverage, while other sub-stratas which was homogeneous was randomly selected. The size of the sample must represent the population according to the requirement of the level of analysis. The sample size of the survey has taken into consideration the following elements:

- Response rates of the previous survey;
- Number of filled jobs as the variable of interest; ii.
- Level of sampling design; and
- The maximum desired error.

The factors considered to finalise the sample size are cost, time and human resources.

The survey sample size distributions for 2018 to 2021 are as follows:

Sector	2018	2019	2020	2021
Agriculture	878	738	738	617
Mining & Quarrying	56	67	67	265
Manufacturing	2,278	2,443	2,443	3,657
Construction	480	1,341	1,341	742
Services	5,030	5,262	5,262	6,021
Total	8,722	9,851	9,851	11,302







SCOPE AND COVERAGE FOR 2021



COVERAGE

938 INDUSTRIES **5 DIGIT MSIC**

SAMPLING FRAME

- **RESPONSE CODE 11-15**
- **EXCLUDE DUPLICATE**
- **EXCLUDE MICRO BUSINESSES WITH** INDIVIDUAL / PARTNERSHIP STATUS AND NO EMPLOYEE

TOTAL FRAME

N: 1,096,928

ESTABLISHMENTS



LEVEL OF ANALYSIS

3 DIGIT MSIC AT NATIONAL LEVEL

VARIABLE OF INTEREST (VOI)

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEE

OTHER REQUIREMENTS

- PANEL ESTABLISHMENT
- PRIORITISATION TO **ESTABLISHMENTS RESPONDED** VIA e-SURVEY AND WITH **COMPLETE INFORMATION**











Sampling design:

Stratified Sampling with Neyman **Allocation Method**



Establishment (registered)

Stratification:

3 digit MSIC at national level



Substrata:

The size of the establishment based on the contribution of the number of employees, covering Large & SME (Medium/Small/Micro)

VOI for sample size estimation:

Total employee of an establishment



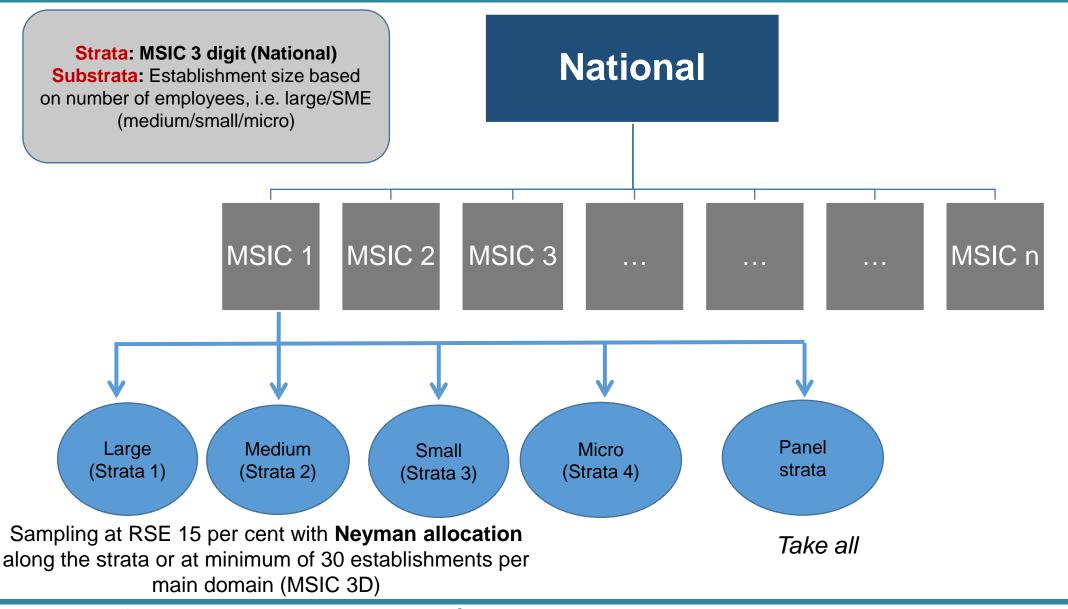






ONE STAGE STRATIFIED RANDOM SAMPLING









SAMPLE SIZE FOR 2021



I. Sample size at national level

Strata	N	Sample size, n
(Panel)	4164	3,849
1	6,978	572
2	19,620	788
3	283,571	3,887
4	782,095	2,206
Total	1,096,9288	11,302

II. Sample size by states in Malaysia

STATE	SAMPLE FRAME (N)	SAMPLE SURVEY 2021	PERCENTAGE SHARE
JOHOR	116,600	1,413	12.5
KEDAH	52,711	449	4.0
KELANTAN	49,112	200	1.8
MELAKA	36,557	281	2.5
NEGERI SEMBILAN	37,176	313	2.8
PAHANG	40,858	333	2.9
PERAK	74,055	630	5.6
PERLIS	7,442	37	0.3
PULAU PINANG	74,544	874	7.7
SABAH	75,651	570	5.0
SARAWAK	77,770	712	6.3
SELANGOR	250,437	3,378	29.9
TERENGGANU	33,114	220	1.9
WP KUALA LUMPUR	166,933	1,846	16.3
WP LABUAN	2,837	29	0.3
WP PUTRAJAYA	1,131	17	0.2
TOTAL	1,096,928	11,302	100.0



End of Session 2

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TRAINING COURSE UNDER THE STATISTICAL CAPACITY BUILDING (StatCaB) PROGRAMME FOR THE BENEFIT OF GENERAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS OF SURINAME

Labour demand: The Quarterly Employment Statistics

SESSION 3 – Data collection & processing

ROSNAH MUHAMAD ALI PRINCIPAL ASSISTANT DIRECTOR PRIMARY DATA DIVISION | MALAYSIAN BUREAU OF LABOUR STATISTICS







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MBLS Process Flow of the Survey





Latest Publication of Quarterly Employment Statistics

Note:

- BMP Methodology & Research Division
- BPM Information Management Division

Preparation of the Sample

Duration: 2 – 3 weeks (first quarter of the year)

DOSM HQ (MBLS & BMP)



Duration: 7-10 days

DOSM HQ (MBLS)

Presentation for approval of the survey findings to the **Chief Statistician**

Duration: 1 - 2 hours

DOSM HQ (MBLS)



Duration: 3 weeks

DOSM HQ (BPM)



Survey Operation (Data Collection)

Duration: 3 weeks

State Offices of DOSM



Preparation and Publication of the Quarterly Employment **Statistics**

Duration: 1 week

DOSM HQ (MBLS)













Schedule of Activities (2021)



No.	Activities	Date/Period
1.	Pre-collection phase i. Preparation of the 2021 sample ii. Updating of questionnaires iii. Updating of QES Manual and Guidelines	31 March 2021
2.	Collection phasei. Monitoring the operation statusii. Data queries to DOSM state officesiii. Feedback from DOSM state offices	Operation period Q4 2020: 1-25 Jan 2021 Q1 2021: 1-25 Apr 2021 Q2 2021: 1-25 Jul 2021 Q3 2021: 1-25 Oct 2021
3.	Post collection phase i. Data Analysis ii. Presentation of the survey findings to Chief Statistician and the Inter Agency Planning Group (IAPG) members iii. Write-up reading session with Chief Statistician	Q4 2020: 8 Feb 2021 Q1 2021: 7 May 2021 Q2 2021: 6 Aug 2021 Q3 2021: 9 Nov 2021
4.	Publication of Quarterly Employment Statistics	Publication Release Date Q4 2020: 9 Feb 2021 Q1 2021: 10 May 2021 Q2 2021: 12 Aug 2021 Q3 2021: 11 Nov 2021





Schedule of Activities (2021) (cont.)



No.	Activities	Date/Period
5.	Preparation of Documents Distribution i. Publication of Quarterly Employment Statistics ii. Teaser iii. Media Statement iv. Stats Alert v. Montage Video	Q4 2020: 8 Feb 2021 Q1 2021: 9 May 2021 Q2 2021: 11 Aug 2021 Q3 2021: 10 Nov 2021
6.	Publication distributions to DOSM top management and top management of the agencies involved	Q4 2020: 9-15 Feb 2021 Q1 2021: 10-17 May 2021 Q2 2021: 12-18 August 2021 Q3 2021: 11-18 Nov 2021 *In 5 working days after publication released
7.	Media monitoring (media online and newspaper)	Q4 2020: 9-11 Feb 2021 Q1 2021: 10-13 May 2021 Q2 2021: 12-15 Aug 2021 Q3 2021: 11-14 Nov 2021











E-Survey (E-Job System)

- Respondents use **e-Job system** (https://ejob.stats.gov.my.) that can be accessed by using newssID and ejobID supplied by DOSM via email, telephone or field work.
- This method is encouraged to be optimised to reduce cost and burden of respondents.



Email and Post

- Questionnaires were sent to respondents via email or post.
- *Respondents were given two weeks to return the completed questionnaires to the State Offices of DOSM/ Office Operation.
- ❖ If feedback is not obtained within two weeks, field work operations will be conducted to obtain complete questionnaires from the respondents.

Telephone and Fax

- Respondents who do not respond via e-survey, email or post will be contacted by phone.
- There are also respondents who requested the questionnaires by fax.
- ❖ Through this method, respondents are also given two weeks to return the completed questionnaire to the State Offices of DOSM/ Office Operation.

Field Work (Face to Face Interview)

- Enumerator visit the establishment based on their postal address on the label.
- Enumerator is required to validate the main activities of the establishment during the visit.







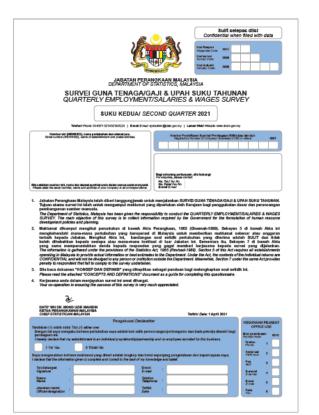




QES Questionnaire



Two parts of QES Questionnaire



Front Page of QES Questionnaire

Establishment Identification Information

5 Questions

2) Main Questions

3 Sub-topics (18 questions)

Employment & Vacancies (6 questions)

Information about number of employees, vacancies, hires and separation (Quits, Layoffs and Others) on a monthly basis according to the occupation category.

ii. Paid Employees and Hours Worked (5 questions)

Information about paid employees (Full-Time Employees and Part-Time Employees) and hours worked (Total Days Worked Per Month, Hours Worked Per Day and Total Overtime Hours Worked) by occupation category.

iii. Salaries and Wages (7 questions)

Information about salaries and wages by occupation category (Basic salary, Fixed allowance, Bonus, Overtime Pay, Other Payments, Total Salaries & Wages and Payment in Kind).





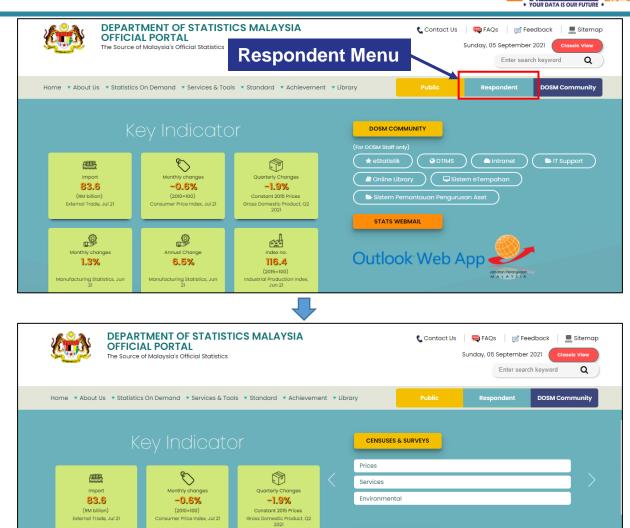






- ☐ The e-Job system is an **e-survey system** that allows selected establishments (respondents) to respond to the **Quarterly Employment Survey**.
- ☐ It was established in 2013 and since then had undergone several improvement up to this year, 2021.
- ☐ In 2018, the system had undergone major changes the structure of the questionnaire was reorganized as well as significant database changes.
- ☐ This system can be accessed via DOSM Website https://www.dosm.gov.my/v1/index.php?r=home or direct link https://ejob.stats.gov.my/

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ONLINE SURVEY

Quarterly Construction Survey

Quarterly Employment Surve

Monthly Survey of Wholesale & Retail Trade (MDT e-Survey)

24

Manufacturing Statistics, Jun

Link to the system

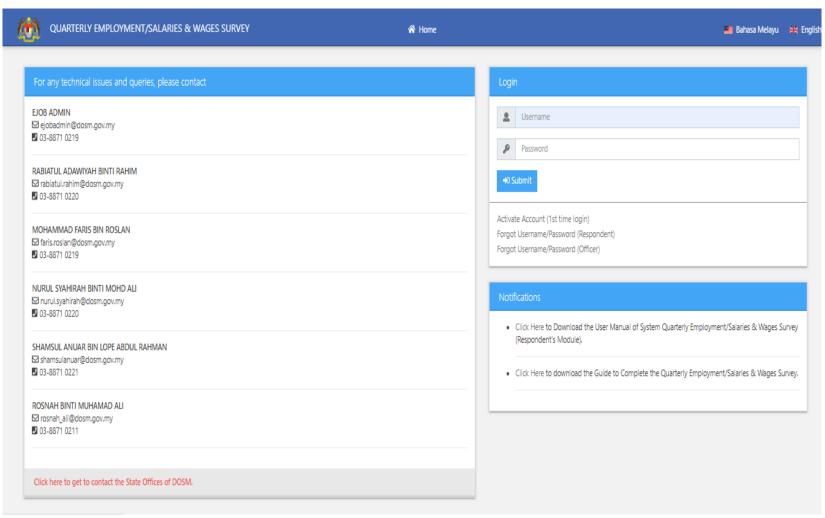
Manufacturing Statistics, Jun

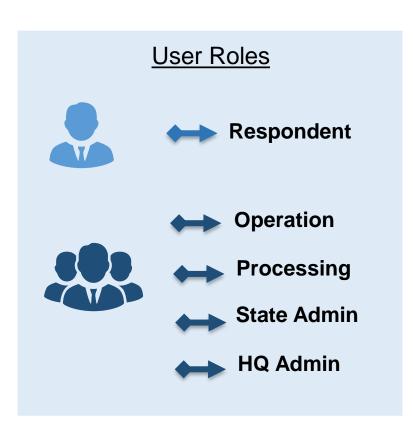






Main Menu of E-Job System





Best viewed using Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox and Internet Explorer 9.0+ with resolution 1366x768 or higher











e-Job System Modules



e-Job system module are divided into four components as stated below:

RESPONDENT

- Login / Logout
- Responding to the Survey
- My Account
- Language Options

OPERATION/PROCES SING

- Login / Logout
- Dashboard
- Survey Movement
- My Account
- Language Options

STATE ADMIN

- Login / Logout
- Dashboard
- Account Maintenance
- Survey Movement
- My Account
- Language Options

HQ ADMIN

- Login / Logout
- Dashboard
- Account Maintenance
- Survey Movement
- My Account
- Language Options
- Settings



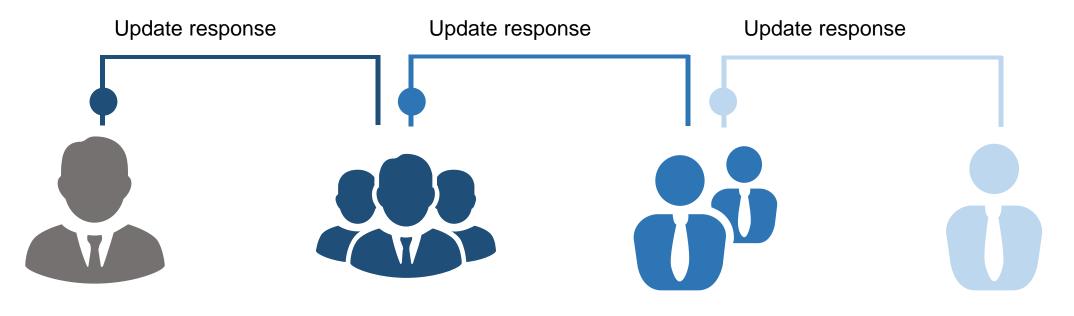






Process Flow of e-Job System (Mode: e-Survey)





RESPONDENT

Fill in questionnaire and submit the response through e-Job system

OPERATION

- Review/check the questionnaire that has been completed by the respondents
- If the respondents submit response manually, fill in the data in e-Job.

PROCESSING

Review/check the data that have been filled in by the operation team.

STATE ADMIN

- Review/check the response.
- Monitor the survey movement at state level



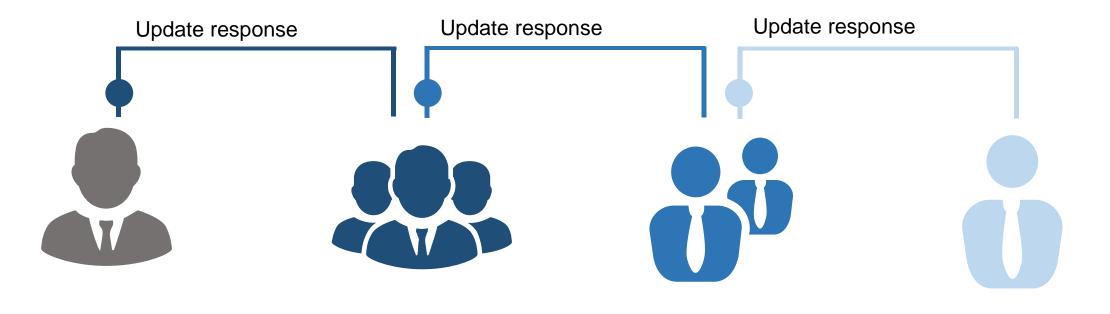






Process Flow of e-Job System (Mode: Others)





RESPONDENT

MANUALLY submit the survey's response

OPERATION

- Review/ check the response that are submitted manually by the respondents
- Change the survey status for processing action

PROCESSING

Fill in and review/check the survey's response

STATE ADMIN

- Review/check the response
- Monitor the survey movement at state level









Related Manual and Guidelines





JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA (DOSM)

PANDUAN PENGGUNA: RESPONDEN

SURVEI GUNA TENAGA / GAJI DAN UPAH SUKU TAHUNAN



QES Concept Manual



Panduan Mengisi Soal Selidik

SURVEI GUNA TENAGA/GAJI & UPAH SUKU. TAHUNAN

Kemaskini Edisi Julai 2021

MALAYSIAN BUREAU OF LABOUR STATISTICS

QES Questionnaire Quidelines









E-Job System User Guidelines



MBLS Challenges in Data Collection during COVID-19



In response to the outbreak of COVID-19, Malaysia's government had implemented Movement Control Order (MCO) in
order to curb the spread of the virus. The MCOs had indeed giving challenges in data collection of this survey.

The challenges that we are facing, among others are:

Limited operation of sectors

> Due to the MCO, only essential services sectors were allowed to operate. Thus, some of the establishments cannot be reached during the data collection period.

Restriction in field work

Since field work are restricted, officer relies heavily on the use of telecommunications and digital tools, such as phone calls and e-survey.

Human resource

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- ➤ Infections of COVID-19 virus among DOSM Officers lead to the shortage of the manpower to carry out this survey.
- ➤ In fact, some of the States DOSM/ Operation Offices had to close down temporarily for sanitation process and quarantine period.





End of Session 3

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TRAINING COURSE UNDER THE STATISTICAL CAPACITY BUILDING (StatCaB) PROGRAMME FOR THE BENEFIT OF GENERAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS OF SURINAME

Labour demand: The Quarterly Employment Statistics

SESSION 4 – Data dissemination

ROSNAH MUHAMAD ALI PRINCIPAL ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

PRIMARY DATA DIVISION MALAYSIAN BUREAU OF LABOUR STATISTICS







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2016 - 2030





















MBLS Indicators and Types of Table Published (2018-2021)



Indicators



Jobs



Vacancies



Filled Jobs



Economic Activity





Mining & Quarrying



Construction



Services



Wholesale and retail trade



Food & beverages and accommodation



Transportation and storage



Information and communication



Finance, insurance, real estate & business services



Other services

Skills Category









Manufacturing



Food processing, beverages and tobacco products



Textiles, wearing apparel, and leather products



Wood products, furniture, paper products and printing



Petroleum, chemical, rubber and plastic products



Non-metallic mineral products, basic metal and fabricated metal products



Electrical, electronic and optical products



Transport equipment, other manufacturing and repair

Types of Table

Employment Statistics by Economic Activity

Employment Statistics by Skill

Rate of Filled Jobs and Rate of Vacancies

Percentage Share of Jobs by Economic Activity

Percentage Share of Jobs by Skill













Materials for release



Teaser



Video montage



Media Statement

Embargo: Only can be published or disseminated at 1200 hour, Thursday, 12 August 2021



MEDIA STATEMENT FOR EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS, SECOND QUARTER OF 2021

Total jobs in economic sector lower by 0.4 per cent to 8.35 million in the second quarter of 2021

PUTRAJAYA, 12 AUGUST 2021 - Total jobs in economic sector were lower by 0.4 per cent to 8.35 million in the second quarter of 2021, the Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) reported today. These statistics are published in the report of EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS, SECOND QUARTER 2021 based on the Employment Survey conducted on registered businesses in the private sector. The report presents labour demand statistics, encompassing of jobs, filled jobs, vacancies and jobs created by skill categories and economic activities.

According to Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin, Chief Statistician Malaysia, "During the second quarter of 2021, the total jobs in economic sector were 8.35 million, lower by 0.4 per cent (Q1 2021: -1.7%) as compared to 8.38 million jobs recorded in the same quarter of 2020. In comparison with the previous quarter, total jobs decreased further by 0.9 per cent (Q1 2021: -0.4%) indicating uneven recovery momentum in labour demand following the impact of prolonged health crisis and containment measures imposed since March 2020.

With the rise of COVID-19 new daily cases during this quarter, stringent containment measures were implemented since the middle of May which limited business operating hours and permitted only essential services to operate. These subsequently were reflected by the decrease of 0.5 per cent in filled jobs which recorded 8.17 million jobs in Q2 2021(Q2 2020: 8.21 million). In this quarter, the number of job vacancies in economic sector was 178.0 thousand, went up by 5.0 per cent due to low base number recorded in Q2 2020 (169.5 thousand). The number of job vacancies remained lower than an average of 200 thousand job vacancies recorded during the pre-crisis period. Both rates of filled jobs and job vacancies during the quarter remained at 97.9 per cent and 2.1 per cent respectively."

Elaborating further on the filled job situation during the second quarter of 2021, he said, "Almost all sectors indicated a downward trend except for Manufacturing sector which posted an increase of 0.9 per cent (Q1 2021: -0.1%) to register 2.16 million jobs. More than half of filled jobs were concentrated in the Services sector (52.4%), followed by Manufacturing (26.4%) and Construction (14.9%). The remaining of 6.3 per cent were in Agriculture and Mining & Quarrying sectors. From the viewpoint of skill category, filled jobs for both semi-skilled (-0.4%) and low-skilled (-2.0%) occupation

Stats Alert



STATS ALERT: #146 12 AUG 2021 RELEASE SERIES -146/2021

Stota Moloydo MBL

Quarterly Employment Statistics Second Quarter 2021

Total jobs in economic sector lower by 0.4 per cent to 8.35 million in the second guarter of 2021

- In Q2 2021, total jobs in economic sector was 8.35 million jobs, PRIME MINISTER'S DEPARTMENT
 DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA lower by 0.4 per cent (O1 2021: -1.7%). Similarly, filled jobs also decreased by 0.5 per cent recording 8.17 million jobs in Q2 2021 (O2 2020: 8.21 million). In this quarter, the number of job vacancies in economic sector was 178.0 thousand, went up by 5.0 per cent due to low base number recorded in Q2 2020 (169.5 thousand). Both rates of filled jobs and job vacancies during the quarter remained at 97.9 per cent and 2.1 per cent
- More than half of filled jobs were concentrated in the Services sector (52.4%), followed by Manufacturing (26.4%) and Construction (14.9%). In terms of composition by skill category, more than half was semi-skilled category with a share of 62.4 per cent (5.1 million) whereas skilled category made up
- Most of job vacancies were in the Manufacturing sector recording 100.1 thousand job vacancies (56.2%), largely in Electrical, electronic and optical products sub-sector (31.6 thousand); and followed by Petroleum, chemical, rubber and plastic products (18.8 thousand).
- · A total of 16.2 thousand jobs were created in this quarter (Q2 2020: 13.7 thousand). By skill category, jobs were largely created for semi-skilled which accounted for 60.8 per cent while skilled category comprised of 30.8 per cent. As for the distribution by economic sector, the largest jobs created was recorded in the Manufacturing sector encompassed 44.6 per cent followed by Services sector (33.6 per cent).

Time Series Data

Number of jobs ('000) Rate of filled jobs (%)

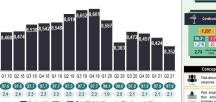
CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA

Jobs, Rate of Filled Jobs and Rate of Vacancies, Q1 2018 - Q2 2021



ECOND QUARTER 20



















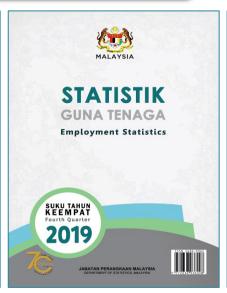


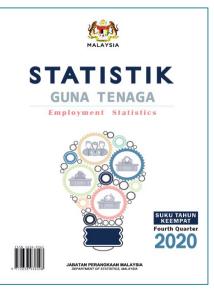
Publication of Employment Statistics

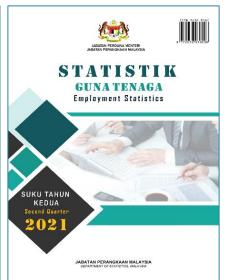


Employment Statistics





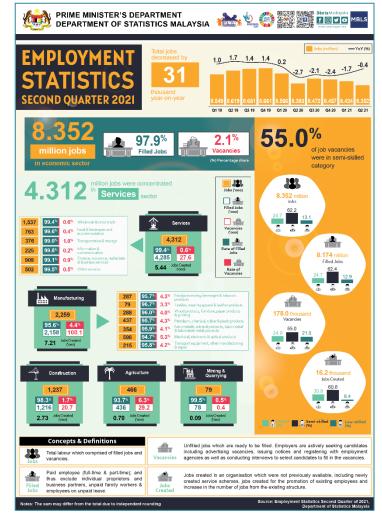




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Infographic Q2 2021











Summary of findings



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3.1	Jobs, Filled Jobs and Vacancies
3.2	Jobs Created
4	Labour Demand Comparison the total indicator of latest quarter with same quarter of last year (year-on-year).
5	Labour Demand by Skill - The breakdown Employment Statistics by skill category - Comparison the indicator by skill of latest quarter with quarter-on-quarter and year-on-year.
6	Labour Demand by Economic Activity The breakdown Employment Statistics by economic activity
6.1	Labour Demand of Agriculture Sector
6.2	Labour Demand of Mining & Quarrying Sector
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Media pick-up Q2 2021



Types of Media

Online: 23

Twitter: 6

Printed: 2

Online

No.	Media	Title
1	The Malaysian Reserve	Total jobs declined to 8.35mil in 2Q21
2	The Star	Jobs in economic sector dipped in 2Q due to movement curbs
3	The Borneo Post	Total jobs in economic sector lower by 0.4 pct in Q2 2021, finds Statistics Dept
4	Bernama	Total jobs in economic sector lower by 0.4 pct in Q2 2021
5	The Malaysian Insight	Jumlah jawatan dalam sektor ekonomi turun 0.4%, kata Jabatan Perangkaan
6	Berita Harian	Jumlah pekerjaan tersedia di Malaysia berkurangan
7	mforum.cari	Jumlah pekerjaan yang terdapat di Malaysia semakin menurun
8	Free Malaysia Today	Fewer jobs as businesses continue to struggle in Q2









Media pick-up Q2 2021 (cont'd)



No.	Media	Title
9	Selangor Journal	DOSM: Total jobs in economic sector lower by 0.4 pct in second quarter 2021
10	klse screener	Jobs in economic sector dipped in 2Q due to movement curbs
11	Sinar Harian	Jawatan sektor ekonomi turun 0.4 peratus
12	Worldakkam	Total sector employment down 0.4% in Q2 2021: DOSM
13	Info Rakyat Kini	Jawatan sektor ekonomi turun 0.4 peratus
14	rnggt.com	Jumlah Pekerjaan Di Malaysia Menurun – Kini Di Paras 8.35 Juta Jawatan Bagi Suku Kedua 2021
15	MSN	Fewer jobs as businesses continue to struggle in Q2
16	The Sun Daily	Number of jobs in Malaysia's economic sector slips 0.4% to 8.35 million in Q2
17	Remonews	Jobs in the economic sector declined in the second quarter due to the brakes on movements
18	Utusan	Jumlah jawatan menurun 0.4 peratus
19	Dagang News	Jawatan di sektor ekonomi berkurang 0.4% pada 2q21
20	Head Topics	Jumlah jawatan dalam sektor ekonomi turun 0.4%, kata Jabatan Perangkaan The Malaysian Insight
21	Bernama	Jumlah jawatan dalam sektor ekonomi turun 0.4 peratus pada suku kedua 2021 - Perangkaan
22	Neotizen News	Jumlah jawatan sektor ekonomi turun 0.4 peratus suku kedua 2021
23	BeritaKini.biz	Pekerjaan di sektor ekonomi merosot pada suku kedua disebabkan oleh pergerakan









Media pick-up Q2 2021 (cont'd)



Twitter

No.	Media	Title
1	@bernamadotcom	Jobs in the economic sector declined by 0.4 per cent to 8.35 million in Q2 2021
2	@1Rnggt	Jumlah Pekerjaan Di Malaysia Menurun – Kini Di Paras 8.35 Juta Jawatan Bagi Suku Kedua 2021
3	@Media_Selangor	DOSM: Total jobs in economic sector lower by 0.4 pct in second quarter 2021
4	@TMReserve	Total jobs declined to 8.35mil in 2Q21
5	@fmtoday	Fewer jobs as businesses continue to struggle in Q2
6	@staronline	Jobs in economic sector dipped in 2Q due to movement curbs

Printed Media



Jumlah jawatan berkurang 0.4 peratus

Berita Harian: Jumlah jawatan di Malaysia berkurangan

Sinar Harian: Jumlah jawatan berkurang 0.4 peratus









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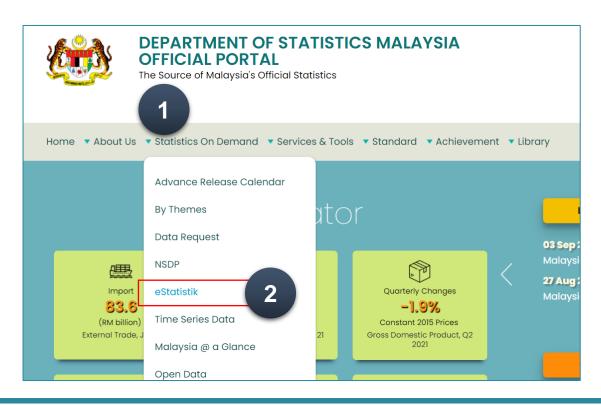


www.dosm.gov.my

1. Statistics On Demand

2. eStatistics

3. Free Download --- 4. Employment Statistics







End of Session 4

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