



Report of the OIC-StatCom Secretariat on the Implementation of the Resolutions of the 11th Session of OIC-StatCom

This Report summarizes the implementation of the resolutions of the 11th Session of OIC-StatCom (<https://www.sesric.org/event-detail.php?id=2637>) by the Members and the Secretariat. The implementation by the Members is based on the findings from Part B of the Survey (<https://www.oicstatcom.org/strategic-vision.php>) circulated by the Secretariat on 5 May 2023. As of 13 September 2023, 26 countries (Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Cameroon, Chad, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Libya, Malaysia, Maldives, Mauritania, Mozambique, Palestine, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Suriname, Tajikistan, Togo, Tunisia, Türkiye, and Uzbekistan) have submitted their responses.

Resolution #1: Implementation of the Programme of Action for 2021-2025 of the Strategic Vision of the OIC-StatCom for 2030

Please refer to “Report on the Implementation of the Programme of Action for 2021-2025” prepared by the Secretariat based on the findings from Part A of the Survey (<https://www.oicstatcom.org/strategic-vision.php>) circulated by the Secretariat on 5 May 2023.

Resolution #2, #3, and #9: Statistical Capacity Building Programme and Other Statistical Activities

The Secretariat updated the Statistical Capacity Building Programme (StatCaB) Biennial Survey for the Biennium 2024-2025 (<https://www.oicstatcom.org/statcab.php>) based on the draft-updated version of the Classification of Statistical Activities (CSA) version 2.0¹ and sent it to the OIC-StatCom Members on 20 January 2023 for better identification of their statistical needs and capacities. As of 10 September 2023, the Secretariat received responses from 24 NSOs² of the OIC countries.

Since the last session of OIC-StatCom in October 2022, 23 *statistical activities* were conducted by the Secretariat including 15 *statistical training courses*, 4 *webinars*, and 4 *international meetings/workshops*. Around 1,050 participants from 54 OIC countries and 6 international organisations took part in the statistical activities provided by 16 OIC countries and 20 international organisations. The details of these activities can be accessed on: <https://www.oicstatcom.org/statcab.php>, <https://www.oicstatcom.org/webinar-series.php>, and <https://www.oicstatcom.org/activities-archive.php>

¹ https://unece.org/sites/default/files/2022-05/ECE_CES_2022_8-2205369E.pdf

² 32 NSOs of OIC countries (Afghanistan, Algeria, Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Comoros, Cote d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, Gabon, Gambia, Guinea-Bissau, Indonesia, Iran, Kyrgyzstan, Lebanon, Maldives, Mauritania, Morocco, Mozambique, Nigeria, Qatar, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tajikistan, Togo, Tunisia, Türkiye, Turkmenistan, and Uganda) have not yet communicated their StatCaB survey responses. To increase the response rate, the Secretariat sends regular reminders to the NSOs of OIC countries.



12th Session of OIC-StatCom

3-4 October 2023

Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Resolution #4: Integration of the ‘Tobacco Questions for Surveys (TQS)’ into the National Surveys in OIC Countries

Since the last session of OIC-StatCom in October 2022, the Bureau of Statistics (BoS) of Guyana submitted their final report concerning the findings from their Guyana Labour Force Survey (GLFS) in which TQS prevalence questions (Q1, Q2a, Q2b, Q3) with Q9 and Q10 are integrated into it. Moreover, the National Institute of Statistics (INS) of Niger submitted their final report concerning the findings from their Harmonised Survey on Living Conditions of Households (HSLC 2021/2022) related to youth prevalence on tobacco use (TQS-Youth). With this, the number of countries that completed the TQS and TQS-Youth integration project has reached 18.

In addition, SESRIC received commitments from the Institute of Statistics (INSTAT) of Albania for the integration of TQS into their Income and Living Condition Survey (SILC 2023) and from the National Institute of Statistics (INE) of Guinea-Bissau for the integration of TQS-Youth into their Multiple Indicators Cluster Surveys (MICS).

In terms of in-house statistical activities related to TQS and TQS-Youth integration project, SESRIC organised a Workshop on “Tobacco Questions for Surveys of Youth (TQS-Youth)” on 9-10 May 2023 in collaboration with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and the CDC Foundation. The Workshop was participated by 43 delegates from the NSOs, Ministries of Health, and Ministry of Youth of 18 OIC countries. The representatives of CDC, CDC Foundation, World Health Organization (WHO) Türkiye Country Office, and Turkish Green Crescent also participated in the Workshop. The objective of the Workshop was to provide additional information and technical support to the participants in integrating TQS-Youth into the ongoing youth-related national surveys in their respective countries.

SESRIC will continue following-up the TQS integration projects with Benin, Jordan, and Maldives; and TQS-Youth integration projects with Gabon, Guyana, and Yemen. The partnership between SESRIC and the CDC Foundation has been extended for the year 2024.

Resolution #5: Facilitate Exchange Knowledge towards the Usage of Advanced Technology for Conducting Population and Housing Censuses (PHCs)

In order to monitor the implementation of this Resolution by the members, a question concerning whether the OIC-StatCom members could share their best practices on the usage of advanced technology for conducting PHCs was inquired in the Implementation of the Resolutions of the 11th Session of OIC-StatCom Survey. While 12 respondents said “No”, 13 respondents confirmed their readiness to share their best practices related to PHCs advanced technology, particularly on ‘Digital Population and Housing Censuses with Integrated Census Management System (ICMS)’, ‘Census Experience and Modern Techniques’, ‘Using



12th Session of OIC-StatCom

3-4 October 2023

Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Geographic Information System (GIS) to Produce Census Maps’, ‘Use of Administrative Data for Census Purposes’, and ‘Establishment of Population Registration System’.

In addition, within the framework of the 2020 World Population and Housing Census Programme, SESRIC hosted the Regional Training Workshop on “Transition to Register-Based approaches for Population and Housing Censuses” in collaboration with the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (UNESCAP), United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD), and Economic Cooperation Organization (ECO) at SESRIC Headquarters on 12-15 June 2023 in Ankara, Republic of Türkiye. 27 census experts from the NSOs of 8 OIC countries participated in the Workshop. The Workshop aimed at strengthening participants’ capacity on how to better use registers to support the census.

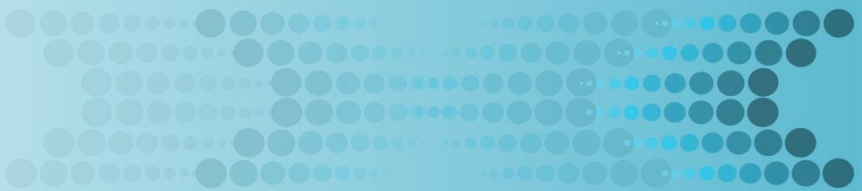
Resolution #6: Exchange of Electronic Devices (Such as Tablets) to Conduct PHCs during the 2020 Round (2015-2024)

In order to monitor the implementation of Resolution #6 of the 11th Session of OIC-StatCom by its members, a question was asked in the aforementioned Survey whether the OIC-StatCom members had experience in exchanging electronic devices (such as tablets) with other NSOs of OIC countries for the implementation of the 2020 Round PHCs. 3 respondents answered “Yes” and 22 respondents answered “No”.

Further question was asked whether the OIC-StatCom members were willing to lend or donate electronic devices to the NSOs of other OIC countries for the implementation of censuses/surveys. 4 respondents answered “Yes”, while 17 respondents answered “No”. A respondent argued that the provision of loans or donations of electronic devices to NSOs in other countries is subject to a system monitored by the Covenant and acted upon by regulatory bodies.

Resolution #7: Facilitate Exchange Knowledge towards the Application of Digital Concepts/Methodologies for Supplementing Survey Data Collection with Cellular Network and Public Open Space (POS) Geographic Information System (GIS) Data

A question was asked in the aforementioned Survey about whether the OIC-StatCom members could share their best practices related to the application of digital concepts/methodologies for enhancing survey data collection with cellular network and public open space (POS) geographic information system (GIS) data in order to monitor the implementation of this Resolution by the members. While 15 respondents said “No”, 8 respondents affirmed that they were willing to share their best practices, particularly on the “Implementation of Household Surveys through Tablets” and “Leveraging GIS in Shaping Modern Population and Housing Census 2020”.



12th Session of OIC-StatCom

3-4 October 2023

Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Resolution #8: Monitoring and Reporting SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation, Infrastructure) Indicators

In order to monitor the implementation of Resolution #9 of the 11th Session of OIC-StatCom by its members, a question was asked in the aforementioned Survey whether the OIC-StatCom members have aligned its relevant processes related to SDG #9 with the recent methodologies and approaches developed by relevant regional and international organisations. 8 respondents said “Yes”, 11 respondents said “Partially”, and 5 respondents said “No”.

Further question was asked whether the OIC-StatCom members have capacities in sharing their best practices related to SDG #9. While 14 respondents said “No”, 9 respondents affirmed their readiness for sharing best practices ranging from country experiences in reporting SDG #9 to establishing coordination mechanism related to SDG #9 indicators.

Concerning statistical activity related to SDG #9, SESRIC organised a statistical training course on ‘SDG 9 (Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure) Indicators’ on 1-3 November 2022 in collaboration with the Economic Cooperation Organization (ECO), with the participation of 70 experts from the NSOs and relevant Ministries of 15 OIC countries through an online video conferencing platform. The topics covered during the course were access to financial services and markets; sustainable, resilient and inclusive infrastructures; sustainable infrastructure development for developing countries; universal access to information and communications technology; research and upgrade industrial technologies; and Inclusive and Sustainable Industrialization.