

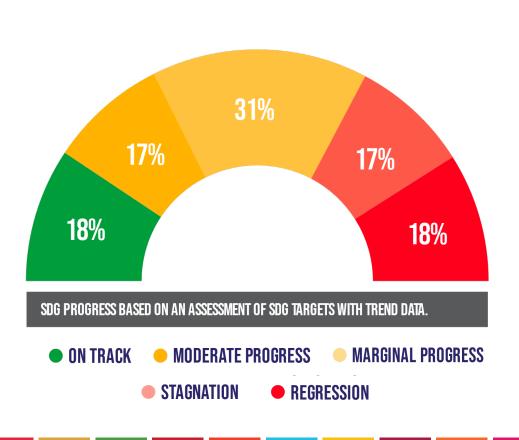




Progress on SDG 4: A Review of Key Targets and Challenges

Yongyi Min
UNDESA Statistics Division
September 2025

A decisive five-year countdown starts new YEARS

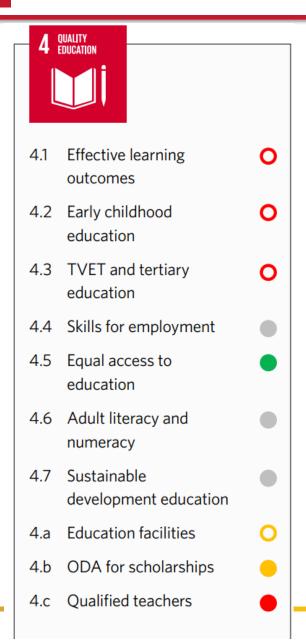


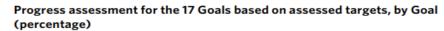
>>> The SDGs have improved millions of lives in the past decade, but progress is not sufficient to achieve all the Goals.

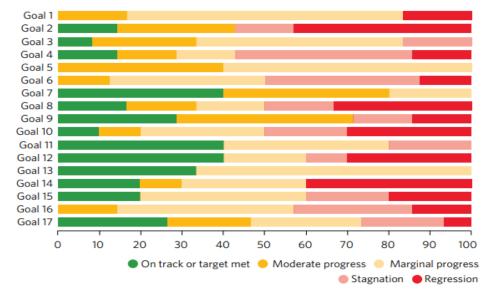
Of the SDG targets with trend data, only 35% are <u>on track</u> or <u>show</u> moderate progress. Nearly half are moving too slowly or making only marginal progress, while 18% have regressed.



Quality Education







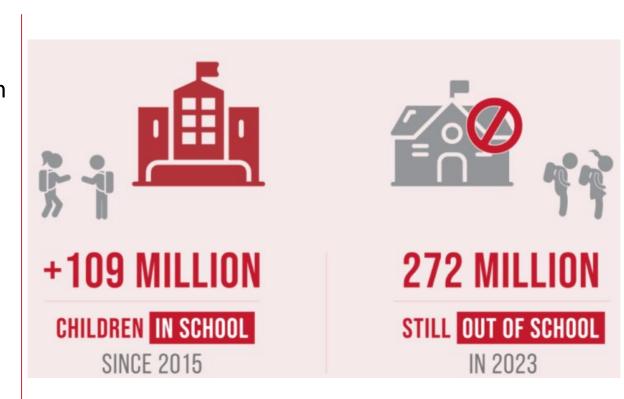
Legend

- On track or target met
- Moderate progress, but acceleration needed
- Marginal progress, and significant acceleration needed
- Stagnation
- Regression
- Insufficient data



4.1 Effective learning outcomes

- 109 million more children in school since 2015
- Completion rates rose from 85%, 74%, 53% (2015) to 88%, 78%, 60% (2024) across education levels
- Girls now exceed boys by2–3 percentage
- Progress is slower than previous 9 years
- 272 million children and youth remained out of school in 2023





4.2 Early childhood education

- Two-thirds of young children developmentally on track (84 countries, 2015-2024)
- 75% of children worldwide participated in pre-primary education (2023)
- Only 103 countries guarantee free pre-primary education
- Only 66 countries mandate at least one year of pre-primary education



© UNDP Uruguay/Pablo La Rosa



4.3 TVET and tertiary education

- Over half of youth (15-24)
 recently participated in
 formal/non-formal
 education
- One-sixth of working-age adults (15-64) engaged in continued learning
- Extremely low participation among adults aged 25-54 (only 3%)



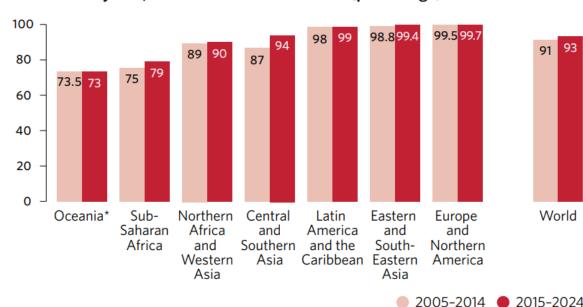
© Desola Lanre-Ologun / Unsplash



4.6 Adult literacy and numeracy

- Global adult literacy rate increased from 85% to 88% (2014-2024)
- Youth literacy rate rose from 91% to 93% (2014-2024)
- Though 754 million adults remain illiterate worldwide (2024), Women accounting for **63**%

Youth literacy rate, 2005-2014 and 2015-2024 (percentage)



World

^{*} Excluding Australia and New Zealand.



4.a Education facilities

- Over a fifth of primary schools lack basic services (drinking water, basic sanitation facilities, electricity)
- Half of primary schools lack computers, internet, and disability-adapted infrastructure
- •LDCs, fall substantially behind the global average. Over a third of primary schools in LDCs lack basic services

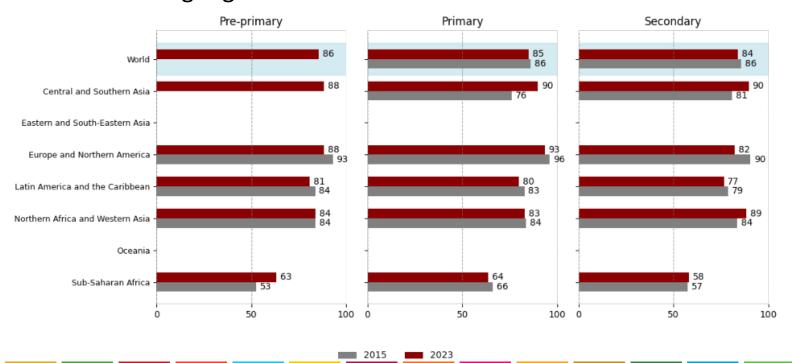


© UNICEF/UNI419970/Preechapanich



4.c Qualified teachers

- 15% of teachers globally do not meet national minimum qualification standards (2023)
- Only 60% of teachers in sub-Saharan Africa meet qualifications vs.
 90% in leading regions





Key Actions for Progress

- Scale up quality early childhood education programs.
- Enforce legal guarantees for free and compulsory education.
- •Close digital and infrastructure gaps, with particular focus on LDCs.
- Expand lifelong learning opportunities for adults and marginalized populations.



© UNICEF/Ali Haj Suleiman

Learn more in the Report:



The Sustainable Development Goals Report 2025





