

ONLINE TRAINING COURSE ON TOURISM STATISTICS

TOURISM SATELLITE ACCOUNT: CONCEPTS & METHODOLOGY

20 January 2021

Malaysia Time: 15:30 - 18:30

Saudi Arabia Time: 10:30 - 13:30







20 OCT



2016 - 2030





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OUTLINE





- **INTRODUCTION**
 - INTERNATIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS **ON TOURISM STATISTICS (IRTS) 2008**
- RECOMMENDED METHODOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK (RMF) 2008

LIST OF TABLES



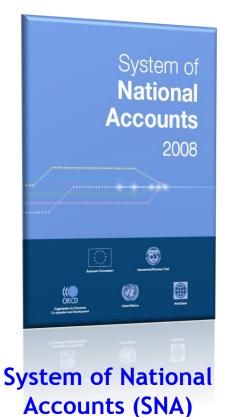


INTRODUCTION





What is Satellite Accounts?





Recommended in the System of National Accounts (SNA) by United Nations



Allows for an expansion of the national accounts for selected areas of interest



Maintains links to the basic concepts and structures of the core national accounts

> SNA 2008: Chapter 29 Satellite Accounts





INTRODUCTION



EXPERIENCE OF OTHER COUNTRIES

Based on SNA 2008, more than 70 countries has developed Tourism Satellite Account (TSA)

Australia

- **Tourism**
- **NPIs**
- Information and Communication **Technology**

New Zealand

- Tourism
- NPIs and Volunteering

Canada

- Tourism
- Non-profit Institutions

Norway

- Tourism
- Health
- Environment

Philippines

Tourism









CHRONOLOGY OF TSA



6 years

2005-2006

- Participated in the 2003-2004 **International Workshop** IAPG Tourism
 - Study visit to Australia
 - TSA compilation initiated
 - Pilot Study of Domestic **Tourism Survey (DTS)**

2007-2008

 Published DTS 2007 with official tourism domestic figure for every states (Internal Circulation)

2009-2010

- Published DTS (Public): Reference vear 2009
- Limited circulation::
- Publication TSA 2000-2008
- Publication TSA 2000-2009

2012 Onwards

- Endorsement to release TSA to the public
- Publications:
- TSA 2000-2010
- TSA 2000-2011
- TSA 2005-2012
- TSA 2005-2013
- TSA 2010-2014
- TSA 2010-2015
- TSA 2016
- TSA2017
- TSA2018
- TSA2019



Tourism Satellite Account (TSA)



meeting

DOSM

Establish TWG

Create TSA unit in









CHRONOLOGY OF REGIONAL TSA (RTSA)





Mac – April

TSA briefing and

MTAC Sarawak

visit to DOSM

TSA Sarawak

Meeting at the

Department Level

Tourism Satellite

Account Sarawak

Technical Meeting

2017

Regional Tourism Satellite Account (RTSA) Sarawak

2 years

October 2017

•Briefing on the Tourism **Satellite Account to Sarawak Tourism Industry Players**

Jan - Mac 2018

- Steering and **Technical** Committee Meeting in Sarawak
- Sarawak TSA **Technical** Committee Meeting at the **Department level**
- Sarawak Tourism **Statistics** Management Steering Committee

Jun - Dec 2018

- 2nd Sarawak **Tourism Statistics Technical**
- Discussion between **DOSM Sarawak dan MTAC**
- Sarawak Tourism **Statistic Steering** Committee
- Official Visit of TSA Sarawak member of the Steering and Technical Committee
- Sarawak Tourism **Statistic Steering** Committee No.2/2018

2019

- Discussion session related to TSA Sarawak
- **Technical Meetings TSA** Sarawak No. 1/2019
- Compilation Technical **Discussion RTSA**
- Presentation of data and reports to DOSM Management
- Presentation of RTSA Sarawak 2018 findings to the Honorable Minister of MTAC Sarawak
- Launching ceremony of **RTSA Sarawak report by** the Honorable Minister of MTAC Sarawak on 10 December 2019



3 Regions in Malaysia

- **Peninsular Malaysia**
- Sarawak
- Sabah









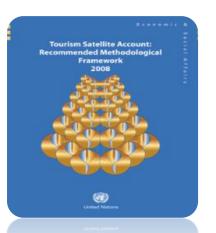


TSA MANUAL & GUIDELINES





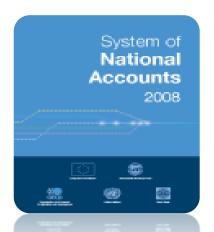
IRTS 2008: concepts, definitions, classifications for basic tourism statistics



2008: framework for the economic measurement of tourism consistent with SNA, BoP

TSA: RMF

Credible, comparable **statistics**



System Tourism Statistics

Tourism as an economic sector (i.e. GDP, etc.)



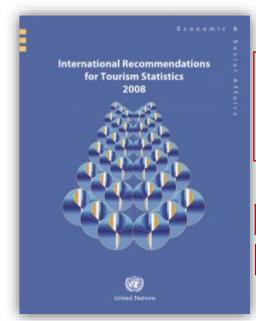


INTERNATIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS ON TOURISM STATISTICS (IRTS) 2008



The IRTS 2008 provides the main concepts, definitions and classifications for the measurement of tourism in a standard way across countries.

IRTS 2008 was approved by the United Nations Statistical Commission (UNSC) at its 39th session (26-29 February 2008). It revises and replaces the previous 1993 Recommendations on Tourism Statistics (1993 RTS) adopted by the Commission in 1993 and published in 1994.



Chapter 1: Development and needs for tourism statistics

Chapter 2: The demand perspective: basic concepts and definitions

Chapter 3: The demand perspective: characterization of visitor and tourism trips

The demand perspective: tourism expenditure Chapter 4:

Chapter 5: Classifications of products and productive activities for tourism

Chapter 6: The supply perspective Supply

Demand

Chapter 7: Employment in the tourism industries

Employment

Understanding tourism in its relationship with other macroeconomic frameworks Chapter 8:

Chapter 9: Supplementary topics







INTERNATIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS ON TOURISM STATISTICS (IRTS) 2008





Chapter	Delivery
Chapter 1: Development and needs for tourism statistics	 Historical records of documentation on manual and guideline of tourism measurement To agree that tourism is important in building the nation, generate national income
Chapter 2: The demand perspective: basic concepts and definitions	 Tourism as a subset of travel Conceptual background for the definition of visitors and tourism trip Forms of tourism Measurement of flows of visitors
Chapter 3: The demand perspective: characterization of visitor and tourism trips	 Characteristics of the visitor Characteristics of tourism trips
Chapter 4: The demand perspective: tourism expenditure	 Tourism expenditure – coverage, categories/classification and measurements













CHAPTER 2: CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.

Tourism is a subset of travel and Visitors are a subset of travellers

TRAVEL Travel refers to the activity of travellers. **TOURISM** Tourism refers to the activity





3 TRAVELLER A traveller is someone who moves between different geographic locations, for any purpose and any

duration.

4 VISITOR

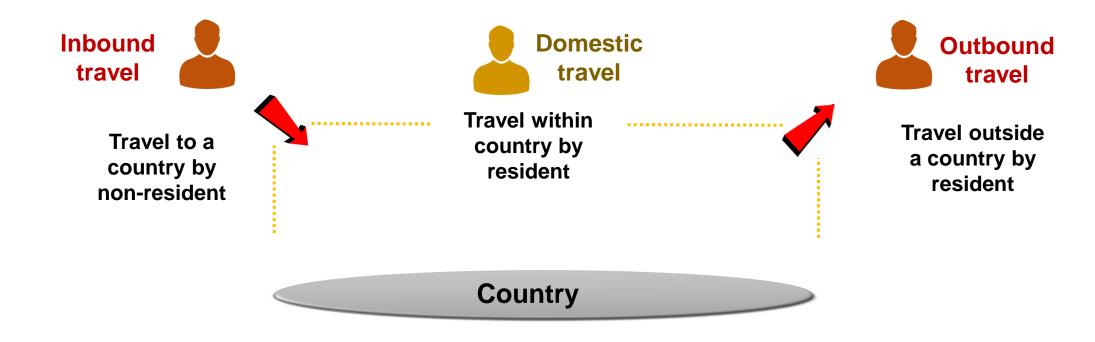
A visitor (domestic, inbound or outbound) is classified as a tourist (or overnight visitor), if his/her trip includes an overnight stay, or as a same-day visitor (or excursionist) otherwise.



of visitors.



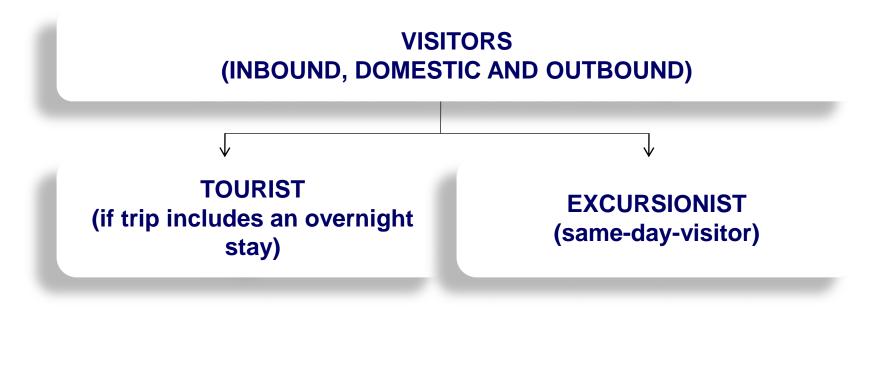
CHAPTER 2: CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS





CHAPTER 2: CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The travel of domestic, inbound or outbound visitors is called domestic, inbound or outbound tourism.



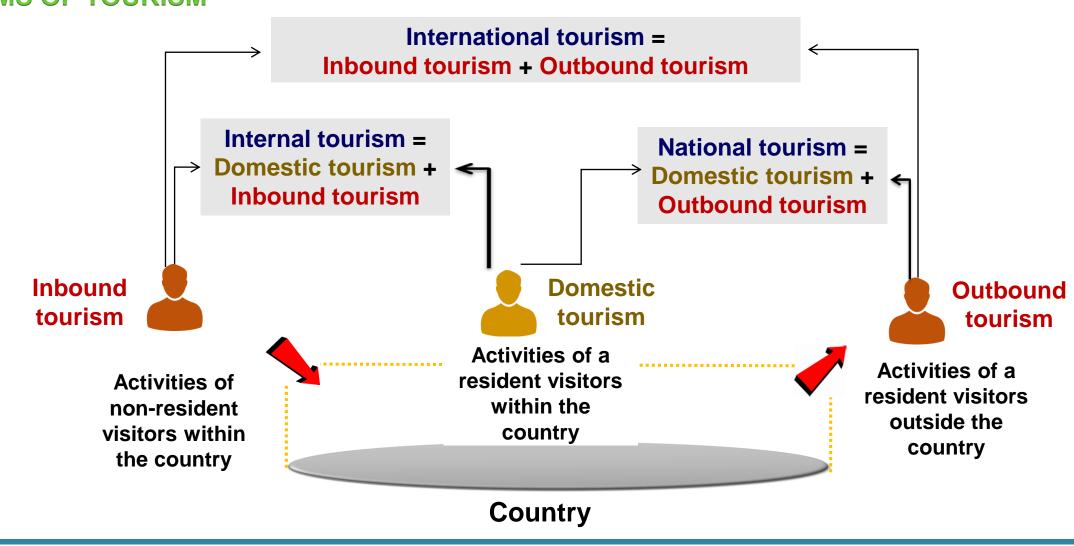






CHAPTER 2: CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

FORMS OF TOURISM



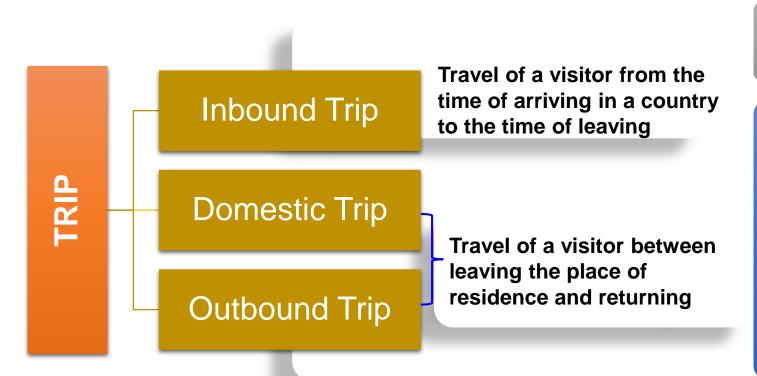




CHAPTER 2: CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.

- A trip refers to the travel by a person from the time of departure from his usual residence until he/she returns

Trips taken by visitors are tourism trips. A tourism trip is characterized by its main destination, among the characteristics (for example, main purpose)



Main destination

the place visited that is central to the decision to take the trip **OR**

the place where he/she spent most of his/her time during the trip

the place that is the farthest from the place of usual residence

OR







CHAPTER 3: CHARACTERIZATION OF VISITOR **AND TOURISM TRIPS**





MAIN PURPOSE

- Classification of tourism trips according to the main purpose
- 1. Personal
 - 1.1. Holidays, leisure and recreation
 - 1.2. Visiting friends and relatives
 - 1.3. Education and training
 - 1.4. Health and medical care
 - 1.5. Religion/pilgrimages
 - 1.6. Shopping
 - 1.7. Transit
 - 1.8. Other
- 2. Business and professional



TYPES OF TOURISM PRODUCTS

· A combination of different aspects around a specific centre of interest, such as nature tours, life on farms, visits to historical and cultural sites, visits to a particular city, the practice of specific sports, the beach, etc.



ORIGIN AND DESTINATION

- For inbound trips, it is essential to classify all arrivals by country of residence rather than by nationality
- · For outbound trips, departures should be classified according to the main destination of the trip.



MODES OF TRANSPORT

- · Major groups classification: air (scheduled flight etc), water (passenger line and ferry etc) and land (railway, motor coach or bus and other public road transportation etc)
- Developed by UNWTO



DURATION OF A TRIP OR VISIT

- Number of trips
- Number of nights



TYPES OF ACOMMODATION

e.g. Hotel, motel, homestay, camping ground, holiday homes



CHAPTER 3: CHARACTERIZATION OF VISITOR **AND TOURISM TRIPS**



Main purpose (IRTS 2008, para 3.10-3.21):

Definition: The main purpose of a trip is defined as the <u>purpose in the absence of which the trip would not</u> have taken place.

Personal:

- Holidays, leisure and recreation (incl. vacation homes, incentive trips)
- Visiting friends and relatives
- **Education and training**
- Health and medical care
- Religion/pilgrimages
- Shopping
- **Transit**
- Other

Business and professional:

- Attending meetings
- Other business and professional purposes







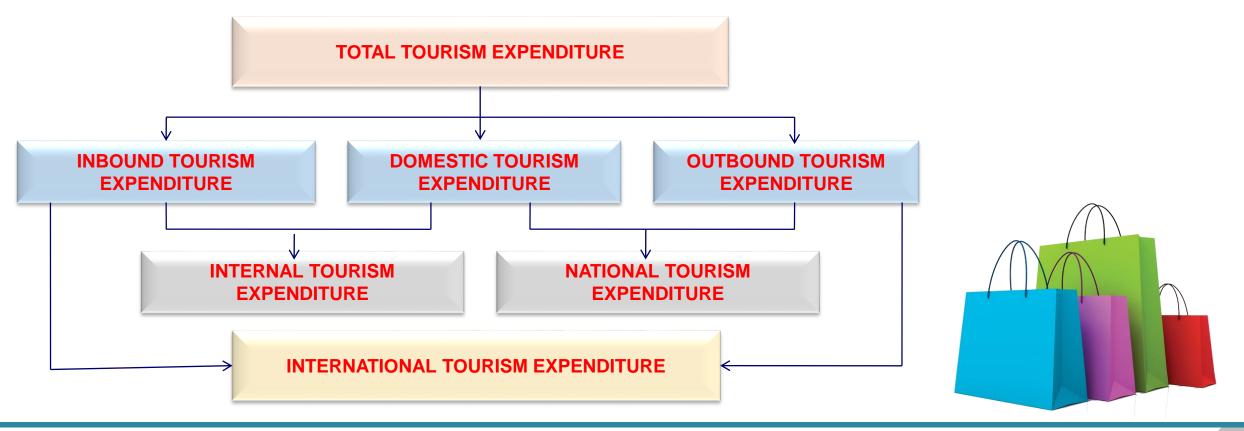
CHAPTER 4: TOURISM EXPENDITURE





Tourism expenditure refers to the amount paid for the acquisition of consumption goods and services, as well as valuables, for own use or to give away, for and during tourism trips. It includes expenditures by visitors themselves, as well as expenses that are paid for or reimbursed by others.

CATEGORIES OF TOURISM EXPENDITURE







CHAPTER 4: TOURISM EXPENDITURE



(IRTS 2008, para 4.6 and 4.7):

Exclude: all expenditures that do not correspond to acquisition of goods and services or valuables:

- Tax payments
- Interests
- Current transfers in cash (i.e. family support transferred to the country of nationality)
- Purchase of financial and non-financial assets (i.e. land and real estate, but excluding valuables)

Current expenses related to vacation homes, such as those usually incurred by an owner as a producer of accommodation services, should also be excluded from tourism expenditure.





CHAPTER 4: TOURISM EXPENDITURE



Definition (IRTS 2008, para 4.9 and 4.10):

Following the rules of the System of National Accounts 2008 (see box 4.1), final consumption by households (individuals) is deemed to occur at the moment of the transfer of ownership of goods or that of the delivery of services, and not the time of its payment (Timing of expenditure).

Tourism expenditure follows the same rules. Consumption expenditure on transport services occurs when being transported, on accommodation services, when staying in the place of accommodation, on travel agency services, when the information is provided and the travel services are booked, etc.





CHAPTER 5: CLASSIFICATION OF PRODUCTS AND PRODUCTIVE ACTIVITIES FOR TOURISM



A. Co	nsumption products:
A.1	. Tourism characteristic products: comprising two subcategories;
	A.1.i. Internationally comparable tourism characteristic products, which represent the core products for international comparison of tourism expenditure;
	A.1.ii. Country-specific tourism characteristic products (to be determined by each country by applying the criteria of paragraph <u>5.10</u> in their own context).
	For both products mentioned above, the activities producing them will be considered as tourism characteristic, and the industries in which the principal activity is tourism characteristic will be called tourism industries;
A.2	 Other consumption products made up of two subcategories, both to be determined by each country and, consequently, country specific:
	A.2.i. Tourism connected products comprising other products according to their relevance for tourism analysis but that do not satisfy the criteria in paragraph 5.10;
	A.2.ii. Non-tourism-related consumption products comprising all other consumption goods and services that do not belong to the previous categories.
car exp	n-consumption products: This category includes all products that by their nature not be consumption goods and services and, therefore, can neither be a part of tourism cenditure, nor a part of tourism consumption, except for valuables that might be acquired visitors on their trips. Two subcategories are defined:
B.1	. Valuables (see para. <u>4.2</u>);
B.2	Other non-consumption products comprising those products associated with tour- ism gross fixed capital formation and collective consumption.







CHAPTER 5: CLASSIFICATION OF PRODUCTS AND PRODUCTIVE ACTIVITIES FOR TOURISM



PRODUCTS

- Accommodation services for visitors
- Food and beverage serving services
- Railway passenger transport services
- Road passenger transport services
- Water passenger transport services
- Air passenger transport services
- Transport equipment rental services
- Travel agencies and other reservation services
- Cultural services
- 10. Sports and recreational services
- 11. Country-specific tourism characteristic goods
- 12. Country-specific tourism characteristic services

ACTIVITIES

- Accommodation for visitors
- Food and beverage serving activities
- Railway passenger transport
- Road passenger transport
- Water passenger transport
- Air passenger transport
- Transport equipment rental
- Travel agencies and other reservation services activities
- Cultural activities
- 10. Sports and recreational activities
- 11. Retail trade of country-specific tourism characteristic goods
- 12. Other country-specific tourism characteristics activities







TSA MALAYSIA: CLASSIFICATION OF PRODUCTS AND PRODUCTIVE ACTIVITIES FOR TOURISM





Tourism Industry

22 MSIC 2D 196 MSIC 5D

- Wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- 2. Land transport and transport via pipelines
- 3. Water transport
- 4. Air transport
- 5. Accommodation
- 6. Food and beverage service activities
- 7. Motion picture, video and television programme production, sound recording and music publishing activities
- 8. Financial service activities, except insurance/takaful and pension funding
- 9. Insurance/takaful, reinsurance/takaful and pension funding, except compulsory social security
- 10. Activities auxiliary to financial service and insurance/takaful activities
- 11. Real estate activities
- 12. Other professional, scientific and technical activities
- 13. Rental and leasing activities
- 14. Travel agency, tour operator, reservation service and related activities
- 15. Office administrative, office support and other business support activities
- 16. Education
- 17. Human health activities
- 18. Creative, arts and entertainment activities
- 19. Libraries, archives, museums and other cultural activities
- 20. Gambling and betting activities
- 21. Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities
- 22. Other personal service activities

Tourism Product

21 MCPA 2D 189 MCPA 5D

- 1. Wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- 2. Land transport and transport via pipelines
- Water transport
- 4. Air transport
- Accommodation
- 6. Food and beverage service activities
- 7. Financial service activities, except insurance/takaful and pension funding
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- 15. Education
- 16. Human health activities
- 17. Creative, arts and entertainment activities
- 18. Libraries, archives, museums and other cultural activities
- 19. Gambling and betting activities
- 20. Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities
- 21. Other personal service activities

MSIC: Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification 2008

MCPA: Malaysia Classification of Products by Activity 2009











CHAPTER 6: THE SUPPLY PERSPECTIVE



IRTS 2008, para 6.2:

Tourism supply is understood as the direct provision to visitors of the goods and services that make up tourism expenditure.

IRTS 2008, para 6.8:

In recognition of this heterogeneity, the System of National Accounts recommends the use of establishment as the unit which provides data that are more suitable for analyses of production.

The establishment (or local kind of activity unit in the European Union lexicon) is defined operationally as "an enterprise, or part of an enterprise, that is situated in a single location and in which only a single productive activity is carried out or in which the principal productive activity accounts for most of the value added" (System of National Accounts 2008 para. 5.14).





CHAPTER 6: THE SUPPLY PERSPECTIVE



IRTS 2008, para 6.17:

As the classification of an establishment is based on its main activity, establishments having a particular tourism characteristic activity as a secondary activity should not be included in the tourism industry that is characterized by this activity.

For example, if a travel agency service is carried out as a secondary activity by a supermarket, then this travel agency service will be part of the total output of the retail trade industry and will not appear as part of the travel agency industry. The activity will only show up as a secondary output of the retail trade industry.





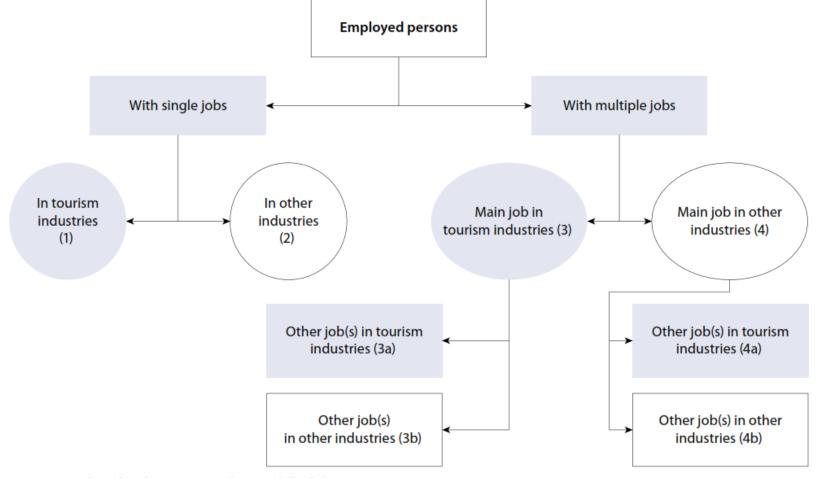
CHAPTER 7: EMPLOYMENT IN THE TOURISM INDUSTRIES



Figure 7.1. Single versus multiple job holders in the tourism industries

IRTS 2008, para 7.1:

Employment is an important dimension in the characterization of tourism and in the acknowledgement of its importance from the productive, social and strategic points of view.



Persons employed in the tourism industries (all jobs) = 1, 3, 4aPersons employed in the tourism industries (main job) = 1, 3Jobs in the tourism industries = 1, 3, 3a, 4a



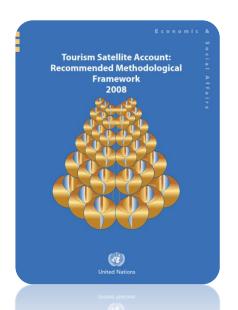


RECOMMENDED METHODOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK (RMF) 2008



The **Tourism Satellite Account: Recommended Methodological Framework 2008** (also known as the TSA: RMF 2008) provides the updated common conceptual framework for constructing a TSA.

It adopts the basic system of concepts, classifications, definitions, tables and aggregates of the System of National Accounts 2008 (SNA 2008), the international standard for a systematic summary of national economic activity, from a functional perspective.



The **TSA** can be seen as a **set of 10 summary tables**, each with their underlying data:

- Inbound tourism expenditure,
- Domestic tourism expenditure,
- Outbound tourism expenditure,
- Internal tourism expenditure,
- Production accounts of tourism industries,
- The Gross Value Added (GVA) and Gross Domestic Product (GDP) attributable to tourism,
- Employment,
- Investment,
- Government consumption, and
- Non-monetary indicators.





DATA SOURCES



TABLE 1

Inbound tourism expenditure by products and classes of visitors



- Departing Visitor Survey (DVS) by **Tourism Malaysia**
- Balance of Payment by DOSM
- Arrivals Data by **Immigration Department**

TABLE 2

Domestic tourism expenditure by products and classes of visitors



 Domestic Tourism Survey (DTS) by **DOSM**

TABLE 3

Outbound tourism expenditure by products and classes of visitors



- Malaysia Outbound Survey (MOS) by **Tourism Malaysia**
- **Balance of Payment** by DOSM

TABLE 4

Internal tourism consumption by products



 Summation Table 1 and Table 2

TABLE 5

Production accounts of tourism industries and other industries (at basic prices)



- Supply Use Table (SUT) by DOSM
- Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by DOSM











DATA SOURCES



TABLE 6

Total domestic supply and internal tourism consumption (at purchasers' prices)



Table 4 and Table 5

TABLE 7

Employment in the tourism industries



 Labour Force Survey (LFS) by DOSM

TABLE 8

Tourism gross fixed capital formation of tourism industries and other industries



- Economic Census and Survey by DOSM
- GFCF Data by DOSM

TABLE 9

Tourism collective consumption by product and level of government



Non-monetary indicators



Compilation of data is by 10a: Number of trips and levels of government;

- 2A Federal Government
- 2B Statutory bodies
- 2C State Government
- 2D Local Authorities



overnights by forms of tourism and classes of visitor 10b: Number of arrivals overnights by modes of transport

10c: Number of establishment and capacity by types of accommodation

10d: Number of establishment in tourism industries classified according to average number of jobs











ECONOMY & HOUSEHOLD SURVEYS



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► Green Economy Indicators
Labour Market Information
Manufacturing
Mining & Quarrying
National Accounts
Population & Demography
▶ Prices
► Services
▶ Social Indicators
▶ Others
Online Services
▶ eStatistik
▶ StatsDigital
► Interactive Visualisation
► Malaysia Business Cycle Clock
► Interactive Malaysia Statistical Business Register (i-MSBR)

No	Subject	Frequency	Questionnaires	Guideline
1.	Monthly Survey of Whosale & Retail Trade	Monthly	<u> </u>	
2.	Quarterly Survey of Services Fourth Quarter 2020	Quarterly		
	i) Transportation & Storage Services		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	ii) Information and Communication Services		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	iii) Food and Beverage Services		<u></u>	<u>i</u>
	iv) Accommodation Services		<u></u>	<u> </u>
	v) Education Services		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	vi) Health Services		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	vii) Professional Services		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	viii) Real Estate Agents		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	ix) Arts, Entertainment and Recreation Services		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	x) Administrative and Support Services		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	xi) Personal Services and Other Activities		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
3.	Additional Question Fourth Quater 2020		<u> </u>	
4.	Domestics Tourism Survey (DTS) 2020	Monthly	کر کر	
5.	Survey on Usage of ICT and e-Commerce by Establishment 2020	Every 2 years	<u> </u>	<u> Z</u>
6.	Annual Economic Survey 2018			
7.	Economic Census 2016 - Services Sector	Once in 5 years	r _{esta}	

Note:

Monthly Survey of Whosale & Retail Trade





MyLocal Stats

RMF 2008



MAIN AGGREGATES

Internal tourism expenditure

- the tourism expenditure of visitors, both resident and non-resident, within the economy of reference. It is the sum of domestic tourism expenditure and inbound tourism **expenditure**. It includes acquisition of goods and services imported into the country of reference and sold to visitors. This indicator provides the most comprehensive measurement of tourism expenditure in the economy of reference

Internal tourism consumption

- the tourism consumption of both resident and non-resident visitors within the economy of reference. It is the sum of domestic tourism consumption and inbound tourism consumption.

Gross value added of tourism industries (GVATI)

- the total gross value added of all establishments belonging to tourism industries, regardless of whether all their output is provided to visitors and the degree of specialization of their production process.





RMF 2008



MAIN AGGREGATES

- Tourism direct gross value added (TDGVA)
 - the part of gross value added generated by tourism industries and other industries of the economy that directly serve visitors in response to internal tourism consumption
- Tourism direct gross domestic product (TDGDP)
 - the sum of the part of gross value added (at basic prices) generated by all industries in response to internal tourism consumption plus the amount of net taxes on products and imports included within the value of this expenditure at purchasers' prices





TABLE 1: INBOUND TOURISM EXPENDITURE



- Consists of total inbound tourist receipts in Ringgit Malaysia (RM) and percentage distribution breakdown of tourism expenditure.
- Inbound tourism expenditure data obtain from travel component of Balance of Payment.
- Also included international passenger expenses for air, sea and other transportation which is obtained from Balance of Payments.

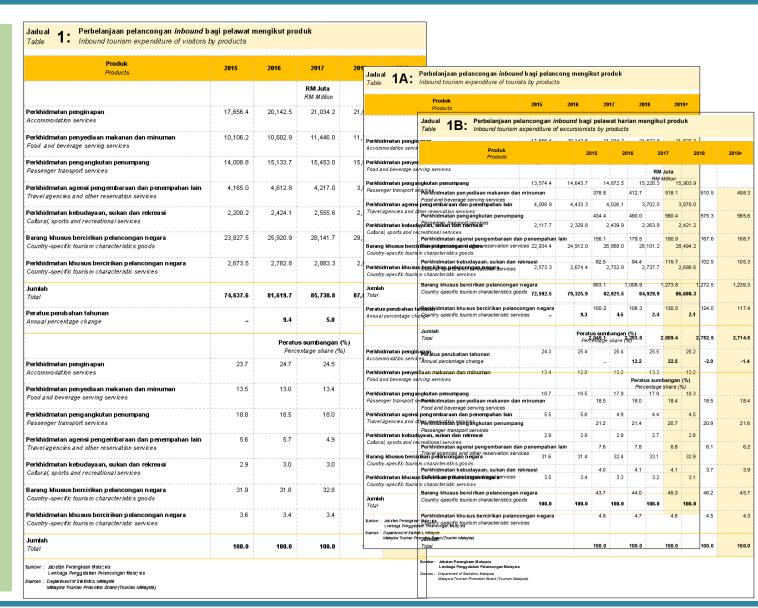










TABLE 2: DOMESTIC TOURISM EXPENDITURE



- Derived from the Domestic Tourism Survey (DTS)
- This survey covers those who stay in Malaysia for at least a year and above. Beside citizen and permanent resident, expatriate and non-citizen are also inclusive.

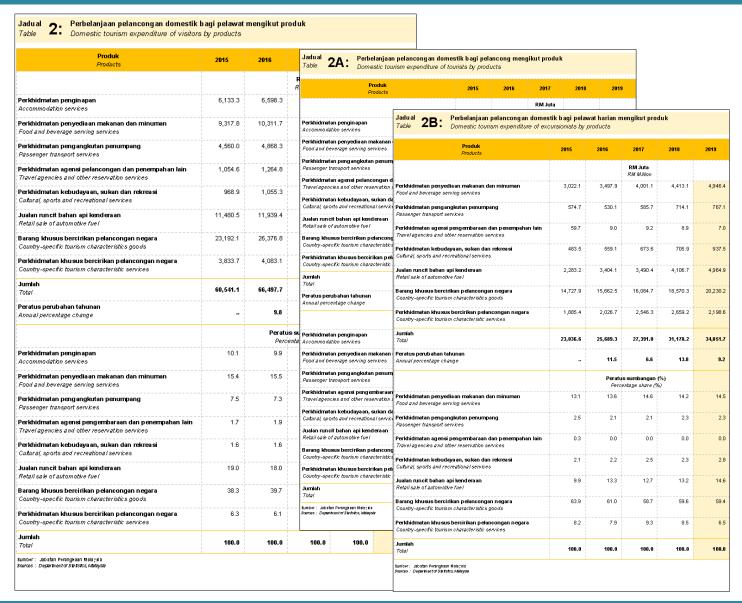










TABLE 3: OUTBOUND TOURISM EXPENDITURE



- Data for outbound tourism expenditure in Table 3 extracted from balance of payments statistics from the components such as travel abroad by air, pilgrimage to the holy places and medical treatment.
- International passenger expenses for air, sea and other transportation are also included as recommended in TSA: RMF 2008.

Produk Products	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019°
			RM Juta RM Million		
Perkhidmatan penginapan Accommodation services	8,184.9	8,238.0	9,072.3	9,624.1	10,073.9
Perkhidmatan penyediaan makanan dan minuman Food and beverage serving services	3,423.4	3,914.8	4,748.5	5,470.1	5,820.5
Perkhidmatan pengangkutan penumpang Passenger transport services	11,795.0	12,220.9	13,789.9	13,000.8	14,215.4
Perkhidmatan agensi pengembaraan dan penempahan lain Travel agencies and other reservation services	809.2	987.2	1,158.2	1,451.8	1,567.1
Perkhidmatan kebudayaan, sukan dan rekreasi Cultural, sports and recreational services	746.9	851.0	1,042.4	1,275.0	1,567.1
Barang khusus bercirikan pelancongan negara Country-specific tourism characteristics goods	5,819.7	7,387.0	8,570.4	9,731.1	10,879.8
Perkhidmatan khu sus bercirikan pelancongan negara Country-specific tourism characteristic services	342.3	442.5	501.9	575.8	649.2
Jumlah Total	31,121.4	34,041.4	38,883.5	41,128.7	44,772.9
Peratus perubahan tahunan Annual percentage change		9.4	14.2	5.8	8.9
	Peratus sumbangan (%) Percentage share (%)				
Perkhidmatan penginapan Accommodation services	26.3	24.2	23.3	23.4	22.5
Perkhidmatan penyediaan makanan dan minuman Food and beverage serving services	11.0	11.5	12.2	13.3	13.0
Perkhidmatan pengangkutan penumpang Passenger transport services	37.9	35.9	35.5	31.6	31.8
Perkhidmatan agensi pengembaraan dan penempahan lain Travel agencies and other reservation services	2.6	2.9	3.0	3.5	3.5
Perkhidmatan kebudayaan, sukan dan rekreasi Cultural, sports and recreational services	2.4	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.5
Barang khusus bercirikan pelancongan negara Country-specific tourism characteristics goods	18.7	21.7	22.0	23.7	24.3
Perkhidmatan khu sus bercirikan pelancongan negara Country-specific tourism characteristic services	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5
Jumlah Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0





TABLE 4: INTERNAL TOURISM CONSUMPTION



- Derived from inbound tourism expenditure and domestic tourism expenditure.
- Combination of these two tables becomes internal tourism consumption.

Produk Products	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019 ^p
			RM Juta RM Million		
Perkhidmatan penginapan Accommodation services	23,789.7	26,740.8	28,198.3	29,505.5	30,453.0
Perkhidmatan penyediaan makanan dan minuman Food and beverage serving services	19,424.0	20,914.6	22,896.4	24,570.2	26,657.8
Perkhidmatan pengangkutan penumpang Passenger transport services	17,922.5	19,344.3	20,065.6	20,965.4	22,406.9
Perkhidmatan agensi pengembaraan dan penempahan lain Travel agencies and other reservation services	5,219.6	5,877.7	5,501.0	5,270.5	5,650.2
Perkhidmatan kebudayaan, sukan dan rekreasi Cukural, sports and recreational services	3,169.1	3,479.5	3,789.9	3,756.5	4,221.7
Jualan runcit bahan api kenderaan Retail sale of automotive fue l	12,126.8	12,597.0	13,201.8	14,325.9	15,965.6
Barang khusus bercirikan pelancongan negara Country-specific tourism characteristics goods	47,019.6	52,297.7	58,290.9	64,131.6	68,766.8
Perkhidmatan khusus bercirikan pelancongan negara Country-specific tourism characteristic services	6,507.2	6,865.9	7,449.0	7,898.1	7,910.8
Jumlah Total	135,178.7	148,117.4	159,392.9	170,423.8	182,032.9
Peratus perubahan tahunan Annual percentage change		9.6	7.6	6.9	6.8
		Peratus sumbangan (%) Percentage share (%)			
Perkhidmatan penginapan Accommodation services	17.6	18.1	17.7	17.3	16.7
Perkhidmatan penyediaan makanan dan minuman Food and beverage serving services	14.4	14.1	14.4	14.4	14.6
Perkhidmatan pengangkutan penumpang Passenger transport services	13.3	13.1	12.6	12.3	12.3
Perkhidmatan agensi pengembaraan dan penempahan lain Travel agencies and other reservation services	3.9	4.0	3.5	3.1	3.1
Perkhidmatan kebudayaan, sukan dan rekreasi Cutural, sports and recreational services	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.3
Jualan runcit bahan api kenderaan Retail sale of automotive fue l	9.0	8.5	8.3	8.4	8.8
Barang khusus bercirikan pelancongan negara Country-specific tourism characteristics goods	34.8	35.3	36.6	37.6	37.8
Perkhidmatan khusus bercirikan pelancongan negara Country-specific tourism characteristic services	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.3
Jumlah Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0







TABLE 5: PRODUCTION ACCOUNT OF TOURISM



Jadu al	E.	Akaun pengeluaran industri pelancongan pada harga semasa
Table	ο.	Production accounts of tourism industry at current prices

INDUSTRY

Industri Industry	2015	2016	2017	2018°	2019ª
			RM Juta RM Million		
Perkhidmatan penginapan Accommodation services	19,810.0	21,269.0	22,948.4	24,653.3	26,675
Perkhidmatan penyediaan makanan dan minuman Food and beverage serving services	26,355.7	29,380.0	33,154.9	37,846.1	43,347
Perkhidmatan pengangkutan penumpang Passenger transport services	7,331.1	7,834.5	8,352.1	8,811.5	9,398
Perkhidmatan agensi pengembaraan dan penempahan lain Travel agencies and other reservation services	2,897.8	3,139.6	3,453.0	3,815.7	4,224
Perkhidmatan kebudayaan, sukan dan rekreasi Cutural, sports and recreational services	8,987.0	9,440.2	9,895.3	10,503.1	11,371
Jualan runcit bahan api kenderaan Retail sale of automotive fuel	3,170.6	3,490.5	3,985.4	4,467.9	4,711
Perdagangan runcit Retail trade	74,792.8	82,570.4	92,847.3	102,523.9	110,882
Perkhidmatan khusus bercirikan pelancongan negara Country-specific tourism characteristic services	22,593.0	24,545.0	26,045.4	27,772.4	29,591
Jumlah Nilai Ditambah Kasar Industri Pelancongan Total Gross Value Added of Tourism Industries	165,938.0	181,669.1	200,681.9	220,393.9	240,202
Nilai Ditambah Kasar Pelancongan Langsung Tourism Direct Gross Value Added	74,923.3	82,055.5	87,851.0	94,550.7	101,976
Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar Pelancongan Langsung Tourism Direct Gross Domestic Product	74,956.9	82,093.4	87,895.1	94,590.8	102,016.
Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar Gross Domestic Product	1,176,941.2	1,249,697.7	1,372,310.0	1,447,451.0	1,510,693
			n peratusan tal percentage cha		
Nilai Ditambah Kasar Pelancongan Langsung Tourism Direct Gross Value Added		9.5	10.5	9.8	9.
Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar Pelancongan Langsung Tourism Direct Gross Domestic Product		9.5	7.1	7.6	7.
Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar Gross Domestic Product		6.2	9.8	5.5	4.
			us sumbangan centage share (
Nilai Ditambah Kasar Pelancongan kepada KDNK Gross Value Added of Tourism Industries to GDP	14.1	14.5	14.6	15.2	15.
tillai Ditambah Kasar Pelancongan Langsung kepada keseluruhan Hilai Ditambah Kasar Tourism Direct Gross Value Added to overall Gross Value Added	6.5	6.7	6.5	6.6	7.
KDNK Pelancongan Langsung kepada KDNK Tourism Direct Gross Domestic to GDP	6.4	6.6	6.4	6.5	6.

- Supply and Use Table (SUT) is the main source of data for the compilation of Table 5.
- Data on tourism industry production for 2015 are derived from SUT 2015. For the subsequent years, data is based on published Annual GDP.









TABLE 6: TOTAL SUPPLY & TOURISM CONSUMPTION



Produk	2015	2016	2017	2018*	2019
		RM	Juta / RM Mil)	lion	
erkhidmatan penginapan ccommodation services	25,793.5	28,663.3	30,806.8	31,600.3	32,89
erkhidmatan penyediaan makanan dan minuman ood and beverage serving services	63,907.1	70,692.4	79,928.0	87,171.6	96,17
erkhidmatan pengangkutan penumpang lassenger transport services	33,286.9	35,284.2	37,460.3	38,613.6	40,31
erkhidmatan agensi pelancongan dan penempahan lain ravelagencies and other reservation services	6,379.7	6,840.2	6,861.4	6,881.2	6,94
erkhidmatan kebudayaan, sukan dan rekreasi ukural, sports and recreational services	19,982.8	21,080.7	21,886.0	23,223.9	25,1
ialan runcit bahan api kenderaan stail sale of automotive fue l	36,759.0	40,203.6	41,300.3	44,232.9	47,6
≄dagangan runcit etail trade	106,878.9	118,858.8	133,617.0	147,237.1	159,1
erkhidmatan khu sus bercirikan pelancongan negara ountry-specific tourism characteristic services	42,099.2	45,592.1	48,625.2	51,782.4	55,2
mlah penawaran mengikut produk	335,087.2	367,215.3	400, 484. 9	430,743.0	463,4
		RM	Juta / RM Mili	lion	
rkhidmatan penginapan commodation services	23,789.7	26,740.8	28,198.3	29,505.5	30,4
rkhidmatan penyediaan makanan dan minuman od and beverage serving services	19,424.0	20,914.6	22,896.4	24,570.2	26,6
rkhidmatan pengangkutan penumpang Issenger transport services	17,922.5	19,344.3	20,065.6	20,965.4	22,4
rkhidmatan agensi pengembaraan dan penempahan lain avel agencies and other reservation services	5,219.6	5,877.7	5,501.0	5,270.5	5,6
rkhidmatan kebudayaan, sukan dan rekreasi ukural, sports and recreational services	3,169.1	3,479.5	3,789.9	3,756.5	4,2
ialan runcit bahan api kenderaan etail sale of automotive fue l	12,126.8	12,597.0	13,201.8	14,325.9	15,9
arang khusus bercirikan pelancongan negara puntry-specific tourism characteristics goods	47,019.6	52,297.7	58,290.9	64,131.6	68,7
rkhidmatan khu sus bercirikan pelancongan negara nuntry-specific tourism characteristic services	6,507.2	6,865.9	7,449.0	7,898.1	7,9
miah penggunaan mengikut produk stal consumption by products	135,178.7	148,117.4	159,392.9	170,423.8	182,0
		Kadar pelan	congan / 7ou	rism ratio	
rkhidmatan penginapan commodation services	0.922	0.933	0.915	0.934	0
rkhidmatan penyediaan makanan dan minuman ood and beverage serving services	0.304	0.296	0.286	0.282	0
rkhidmatan pengangkutan penumpang assenger transport services	0.538	0.548	0.536	0.543	0
rkhidmatan agensi pengembaraan dan penempahan lain avelagencies and other reservation services	0.818	0.859	0.802	0.766	0
rkhidmatan kebudayaan, sukan dan rekreasi utural, sports and recreational services	0.159	0.165	0.173	0.162	0
ialan runcit bahan api kenderaan etail sale of automotive fue l	0.330	0.313	0.320	0.324	0
ardagangan runcit	0.440	0.440	0.436	0.436	0
rkhidmatan khu sus bercirikan pelancongan negara	0.155	0.151	0.153	0.153	0
adar pelancongan mengikut produk purism ratio by products	0.403	0.403	0.398	0.396	0

 Table 6 is derived from production accounts of tourism industry & other industries in Table 5 and internal tourism consumption in Table 4.











TABLE 7: EMPLOYMENT IN TOURISM INDUSTRY



 Tourism employment data are obtained from the Labour Force Survey produced by Department of Statistics, Malaysia.

Industri	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019°
			orang ('000) erson ('000)		
Perkhidmatan penginapan Accommodation services	184.1	207.4	210.5	222.4	233.
Perkhidmatan penyediaan makanan dan minuman Food and beverage serving services	912.7	1,002.6	1,087.0	1,183.0	1,237.
Perkhidmatan pengangkutan penumpang Passenger transport services	159.2	164.5	162.5	171.3	177.
Perkhidmatan agensi pengembaraan dan penempahan lain Travel agencies and other reservation services	32.7	35.8	40.1	38.7	40.
Perkhidmatan kebudayaan, sukan dan rekreasi Cultural, sports and recreational services	75.6	74.8	78.9	80.9	81.
Jualan runcit bahan api kenderaan Retail sa le of automotive fue l	32.9	33.4	34.4	34.6	34.
Perdagangan runcit Retail tra de	992.5	1,106.0	1,104.5	1,147.9	1,158.
Perkhidmatan khusus bercirikan pelancongan negara Country-specific tourism characteristic services	509.0	557.2	590.7	592.3	598.
Jumlah Total	2,898.8	3,181.8	3,308.6	3,471.1	3,561.
Peratus perubahan tahunan Annual percentage change		9.8	4.0	4.9	2.
			sumbangan (%)		
Perkhidmatan penginapan Accommodation services	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.
Perkhidmatan penyediaan makanan dan minuman Food and beverage serving services	31.5	31.5	32.9	34.1	34.
Perkhidmatan pengangkutan penumpang Passenger transport services	5.5	5.2	4.9	4.9	5.
Perkhidmatan agensi pengembaraan dan penempahan lain Travel agencies and other reservation services	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.
Perkhidmatan kebudayaan, sukan dan rekreasi Cultural, sports and recreational services	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.
Jualan runcit bahan api kenderaan Retail sa le of automotive fue l	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.
Perdagangan runcit Retailtrade	34.2	34.8	33.4	33.1	32.
Perkhidmatan khusus bercirikan pelancongan negara Country-specific tourism characteristic services	17.6	17.5	17.9	17.1	16.
Jumlah Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.







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